REGISTERED No. 1—1876

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,687.—New Series. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1876.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follows :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	29	Half-yearly	36
Quarterly	16	Quarterly	20
Monthly	6	Monthly	7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy ..... As. 4.

Price for back numbers varies according to time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs.	5	0
Second do.		2	8
Third do.		2	8
Fourth and succeeding insertions		0	2½ As.

Line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ..... 8 As. per Line.
Second do. ..... 4½ „ „
Third and succeeding ..... 2½ „ „
In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes will be as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ..... „ 0-8 As.

Advertisement exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES : EACH—TWO RUPEES.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the s.s. MAHRATTA, 742 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander J. James, on SATURDAY, the 16th December 1876, at 4 P.M., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, C rwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Cellingapatam Gopalore, False Point, and at any other Ports where inducement offers.

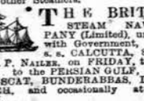
Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch the s.s. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander T. P. Nailer, on FRIDAY, the 15th December 1876, at 4 P.M. for the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUNDERABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSREH, and occasionally at BAHREIN and MAHOMERAH.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will, during the Fair Season, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every FRIDAY, at 4 P.M., and an Extra Steamer on every MONDAY, at 2 P.M.

The s.s. AKOLA, 577 Tons, 130 H. P., Commander T. M. Williams, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 11th December 1876, at 2 P.M., calling at Verawul, Pore Bundor, Mangrole and Cutch Mandvie.

The s.s. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, 130 H. P., Commander T. P. Nailer, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 15th December 1876, at 4 P.M.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 1st *of each month*.

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	£22	£15	£8	Including Wine
Suez	36	25	14	
Port Said	36	24	9	
Messina	50	34	14	
Naples	50	34	14	
Leghorn	50	34	14	
Genoa	50	34	14	
Marseilles	52	36	10	Without food

Children under 10 years—free of charge. Children over 10 and under 12 years—half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—

SUMATRA to sail on MONDAY, 1st January 1877.
ASSIRIA to sail on MONDAY, 15th January 1877.
SUMATRA via to sail on THURSDAY, 1st February 1877.
AUSTRALIA is to sail on THURSDAY, 1st March 1877.
SUMATRA to sail on SUNDAY, 1st April 1877.

All Steamers of this Company have First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The exact hour of departure will be fixed and published a day or two previous to sailing.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA.
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company.
No. 9, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 19th October 1876.

NOTICE.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S.S. CITY OF BALTIMORE are hereby informed of the Steamer's arrival from LIVERPOOL, and are requested to present their BILLS of LADING, accompanied by DELIVERY ORDERS, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

CAPTAIN BURTON'S

TONIC BITTERS.

USED with invariable benefit and STRONGLY RECOMMENDED by that Eminent Traveller.

Per Bottle—Rs. 2.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

A LARGE SUPPLY on hand. Usual DISCOUNT to the TRADE.

Agents.—D. S. KEMP & Co., BOMBAY.

HOUSEHOLD CLARET.

A SOUND and trustworthy Wine for general table use. Fresh shipment just bottled.

PER DOZEN ..... Rs. 10.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

LIQUOR CHIRETTINÆ AND SACCHARO-CHIRETTINE

Are prompt and powerful Tonics; adapted to patients of all ages, and incapable of deranging the most delicate functions. In Nervous and Muscular Lassitude and in want of Appetite they are invaluable.

Per Bottle

Liq. Chirettinæ, Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 4-8.
Sacch. Chirettine, „ 1-8 and „ 2-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Dec. 1876.
CATHAY	2982	450	R. T. Dundas	11th—Suez, &c.
MIRZAPORE	3763	600	A. Parish	18th—Southampton.
VENETIA	2726	450	G. J. Babot	25th—Suez, &c.
				Jan. 1877.
SIAM	3000	500	N.W.Haselwood.	1st—Southampton.
AVOCA	1482	250	R. G. Stead	8th—Suez, &c.
GWALIOR	2735	450	J. C. Babot	15th—Southampton.
MALWA	2983	450	P. S. Tomlin	22nd—Suez, &c.
THIBET	2893	400	N. Stewart	29th—Southampton.
				Feb. 1877.
NIZAM	2725	450	A. E. Barlow	5th—Suez, &c.
SURAT	3141	533	G. C. Burne	12th—Southampton.

Passengers are booked to Malta, Gibraltar, and Southampton by every Mail. The Southampton Steamers proceed to that port direct; but by the alternate Steamers Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Passengers to Brindisi, Ancona, and Venice are carried by every Steamer, but proceed by rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to Mazagon on the day of the Steamer's departure, before 10 A.M., in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

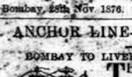
A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon, at 3 P.M. precisely, on the day of sailing.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 2nd December 1876.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

On TUESDAY, the 12th Dec. 1876, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.



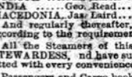
THE P. and O. Co.'s SS KHIVA, (2,609 Tons and 450 H. P.), Captain Geo. Lee, will be despatched as above, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing and no brokerage will be allowed on any Chest of Opium, the Officer's receipt for which is not lodged in the Company's Office before Noon, on SATURDAY, the 9th December 1876.

GEORGE F. HENRY,
Bombay, 28th Nov 1876. Superintendent.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL, via SUEZ CANAL.



THE following or other First Class Steamers of the ANCHOR LINE will sail from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL to PORT SAID, SUEZ, and BOMBAY, and from BOMBAY to SUEZ, PORT SAID, GIBRALTAR, and LIVERPOOL :—

Vessels.	Commanders.	Tons.	H.P.	From Liverpool.	From Bombay 1877.
TRINACRIA	Robt. Hutchison	2167	424		18th Dec.
EUROPA	Jas. Harris	2277	424	18th Nov.	3rd Jan.
INDIA	Geo. Read	2289	500	2nd Dec.	7th Feb.
MACEDONIA	Jas. Baird	2273	426	9th Jan.	21st Feb.

And regularly thereafter, further sailings being arranged according to the requirements of the trade.

All the Steamers of this Line carry a SURGEON and a STEWARDESS, and have superior First-class accommodation, fitted with every convenience.

Passengers and Cargo booked through to New York in connection with the Anchor Line Trans-Atlantic Service.

FARES FROM BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

FIRST CLASS ..... Rs. 500

A reduction of 15 per cent. will be given on Return Passages to all who re-embark by Anchor Line Steamers within twelve months of time of landing.

For Passage, Freight, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

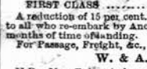
N.B.—If sufficient inducement offers the Steamers of this Line will make Naples a regular port of call.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
(VIA SUEZ CANAL.)

The following fine powerful Steamers will sail from Bombay as under :—

From Liverpool.	From Bombay.
S.S. CITY OF BALTIMORE	28th November.
" CHILDWALL HALL	28th Nov. ..... 10th January.
" TRAFFORD HALL	16th Dec. ..... 24th January.
" BRANKSOME HALL	13th Jan. ..... 28th February.



THESE Steamers have been especially built for the Bombay Trade, and have already become known for their speed. The Saloon and Cabins are handsomely got up, and a Surgeon and Stewardess are carried by all the Steamers of the Line.

FARES FROM BOMBAY.

TO LIVERPOOL ..... Rs. 500

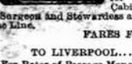
For Rates of Passage Money and for any further particulars apply to

N. B.—These steamers unvariably sail punctually.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 30th September 1876.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
ANCHOR LINE.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL
VIA
NAPLES.



THE (S. S.) INDIA, Captain Geo. Read, sailing on the 7th February, and all the following steamers of this Line will call at Naples, until further notice.

FARES, BOMBAY TO NAPLES.

First Class ..... Rs. 400.

Passengers' heavy baggage will be taken on to Liverpool without any Extra Charge and will, if required, be forwarded thence to any part of the United Kingdom or America by the Agents at Liverpool.

For Passage, Freight or any other particulars

Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 24th November 1876.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRAMJEE COWASJEE INSTITUTE.

TUESDAY, THE 12TH, AND SATURDAY, THE 16TH DECEMBER.

DR. LYNN

will appear in his

AMUSING AND CHARMING WONDERS.

First Class, Rs. 3 ; Second Class, Rs. 2 ; Third Class, Rs. 1.

Reserved Seats may be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

Doors open at 8-30 ; Performance commences at 9.

FRED. W. HARRISON,
Agent and Business Manager.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the PARTNERSHIP subsisting between BURJORJEE RUSTOMJEE BOOTLEWALLA, COOVERJEE JEWAJEE and MUNCHERJEE MANEKJEE in the Trade or Business of General Merchant carried on at Bombay under the Name and Style of Messrs. COOVERJEE JEWAJEE & Co. was DISSOLVED by mutual consent, from the 17th October 1876 and that from such d. te the business will be and will, in future, be CARRIED ON under the SAME NAME and STYLE by the Undersigned.—Dated this 11th December 1876.

COOVERJEE JEWAJEE.
MUNCHERJEE MANOCKJEE.

SPORTING AMMUNITION.

CAPS. CARTRIDGES. POWDER. SHOT. WADDING. SUNDRIES.

NEW MATERIALS AND APPLIANCES

Of every description,

IMPORTED, ON INTRODUCTION TO HOME USE.

Detailed priced Catalogue on application.

TREACHER & Co., Limited.

REDUCED PRICES.

Finest Virginian Golden Leaf
HONEY DEW TOBACCO;

A splendid article, infinitely superior to the Tobaccos commonly sold under its name.

IMPORTED OVERLAND AT PER POUND.

Cash, Rs. 2-8.

TREACHER & Co., Limited.

NATURAL MINERAL WATERS.

Just received a further Consignment of
HUNYADI JANOS,
THE NEW SALINE APERIENT BITTER WATER.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
In quart bottles at per doz.	13 8	15 0
CARLSBAD, Alkaline Purgative ..quarts per doz.	12 0	13 8
CARLSBAD SALTS ..per bottle	3 0	3 8
FRIEDRICHSHALLER, Purgative ..quarts per doz.	12 8	12 0
Saline ..pints per doz.	9 0	10 0
FULLNA, Saline Purgative ..pints per doz.	9 0	10 0
VICHY, Alkaline Gaseous ..„	8 0	9 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, (Ld.)
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

DEVONSHIRE CIDER,
BOTTLED BY FOSTER.

THE SEASON'S DISTILLATION of this deliciously refreshing Beverage has arrived, and fully maintains the high reputation of the Bottlers.

Quarts per doz. Cash Rs. 9-0.
Pints „ „ „ 6-0.

SOLE AGENTS,
TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, 11TH DEC. 1876.
TREMENDOUS HIT
OF
WILLARD AND HUDSON'S
MONSTER PROGRAMME.
WILLARD AND HUDSON'S
DANCING QUAKERS.
MISS WYNN'S SERIO-COMIC SONGS.
HUDSON'S STILT DANCE.
MDLLE. TERLECKI'S MUSICAL SOLOS.
VOLTAIRE'S NEW FIGURES.
WILLARD'S CHRISTY MINSTRELS
AND
BILL JONES' COUSIN.

TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, 11TH DECEMBER.

CARDS OF ENTREE.

Dress Circle ..... Rs. 4 | Stalls ..... Rs. 3
Gallery ..... 2 | Pit 1

Doors open at 8-30 ; Performance to commence at 9.

Seats may be reserved and Plan of Theatre seen at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

Family Tickets to admit Three persons to Dress Circle, Rs. 10, only to be had at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

CLIFFORD WILLARD,
Business Manager.

NOTICE.

MR. T. G. WILSON has RETIRED from our Firm and Mr. E. W. BALD has been ADMITTED a PARTNER.

J. C. BUSHBY & Co.

Bombay, 9th December 1876.

CONTRACTS FOR OOREED, GRAM AND BRAN.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the Supply of the above from 1st January to 30th November 1877.

The probable quantity of cleaned Oored required daily will be 4,100, of Gram 48 pounds, and of Bran 6 pounds (all English Weight.)

Further information and Forms of Tender may be obtained at the Health Office.

Tenders may be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner who will receive them up to Noon, 18th instant.

A deposit of Rs. 1,000 will be required with the Tender. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
T. S. WEIR,
Health Officer.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Public Health Department, Bombay, 9th December 1876.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs. a.
Trout wine's Civil Engineer's Pocket Book	13 4
Bradshaw's Continental Guide for Dec.	2 8
Craig's Literary and Social Judgment, 2 vols., new edition 1877	9 8
The Maid of Killeena and other Stories by W. Black	3 12
Castle Daly, the story of an Irish Home thirty years ago ; by Annie Keary	3 12
Owen Gwynne's Great Work ; by Lady Austa Noel	3 12
The Harbour Bar, a tale of Scottish Life	3 12
A York and a Lancashire Rose ; by Annie Keary	3 12
The Curate in charge ; by Mrs. Oliphant	3 12
Science in Sport made Philosophy in earnest ; by G. Routledge	4 12
Public and Private Life of Animals ; by J. Thomson	6 12
Lo-ne's Manual of Ophthalmic Surgery	3 12
Kirk's Hand-coloured Physiology, new edition 1876	3 12
Ostriches and Ostrich Farming ; by Julius De Mosenthal and J. E. Harting	6 12
Harley's Historical Dictionaries, and edition, 1876	7 8
Instructions to Surveyors of Ships appointed by the Board of Trade	3 12
The Floral Birthday Book, handsomely bound and illustrated	2 4
Tinsley's Christmas Annual, Shadows on the Snow	0 12
Trollope's Italy from the Alps to Mount Etna, illustrated with upwards of 100 full-page and three hundred smaller Engravings	20 8
Boudoir Ballads, by J. Ashby Sterry	3 12
My Little Lady ; by E. F. Poynter	3 4
Foster's Course of Elementary Practical Physiology by J. N. Langley	3 12
The Unseen Universe or Physical Speculations on A Future State ; by B. Stewart and P. G. Tait	3 12
Selections from the Writings of Lord Macaulay ; by G. O. Trevelyan	3 12
The Prime Minister ; by A. Trollope	3 12
Gisela, a Tale of Christianity ; by the Earl of Ilchester	3 4
Watson's Theory and Practice of the Art of Weaving by Hand and Power	8 0
Hewitt's Pathology, Diagnosis, and Treatment of Diseases of Women	15 0
Morley's First Sketch of English Literature	4 12
Ferrier's Functions of the Brain	9 8
History of French Literature ; by Henry Van Laun	10 0
Our Trip to Burmah, with Notes on that Country ; by Surg-General C. A. Gordon	13 4
History of English Thought in the Eighteenth Century ; by L. Stephen, 2 vols	17 8
The History of Egypt from the Earliest Times till the Conquest by the Arabs ; by S. Sharpe. 2 vols.	6 8
Gastronomy as a Fine Art, or, the Science of Good Living ; by B. E. Anderson	3 12
Commercial Code of Signals, Complete to 1876	9 0
Mark Twain's Complete Works	4 12
Bret Harte's „ „	4 12
Artemus Ward „ „	4 12
Ill-Londoned Jessamie 1877	0 12
Cassell's Illustrated „ „	0 8
Brown's Construction of the Power Loom and the Art of Weaving	2 4
Wilson's Soldiers' Pocket Book for Field Service	3 0
Men of Mark ; a Gallery of contemporary Portraits 1876	15 12
Kautzer's Hydraulic Tables, Translated by L. D'A. Jackson, C.E.	8 0
Palmer's Concise Dictionary of the Persian Language	6 12
Thorn Hood's Annual for 1877	0 12
Aunt Judy's Christmas Volume for 1876	3 8
Tyndall's Lessons in Electricity	1 12
Wood's Lectures on Therapeutics, comprising Materia Medica, &c.	8 12
The Trident, the Crescent, and the Cross ; a view of the Religious History of India during the Hindu, Buddhist, Mahomedan, and Christian Periods ; by Revd. J. Vaugh n	6 0
Bowe's Practical Treatise on Hydrostatics applied to the useful Arts, &c.	8 0
Amongst Machines ; a description of various Mechanical Appliances, Principles, Management of Wood, Metal, and other substances	4 12
Lewande's Disease and Injuries of the Eye, their Medical and Surgical Treatment, Illustrated	6 12
Owen Meredith's Water Alleyahs, new Edn. 1876	3 4
Tyrol and the Tyrolese ; by W. A. B. Coolidge	8 12
The Engine Room ; what should be in it and what they should do	2 4
Tennyson's Queen Mary	3 12
Brunton's (Dr. L.) Pharmacology and Practice of Medicine	13 4
Cassell's Illustrated History of India, vol. I	5 12
Walsh's Manual of Domestic Economy, edition 1876	6 12
System of Land Tenure in various countries ; by Sir C. Campbell	2 4
The Young Reciter's Story of Indian Adventure ; by W. H. G. Kingston	3 4
The Old and New London, vol. II	11 8
Cassell's History of Protestantism ; by Dr. Wylie, vols. I, II, and III	3 4
Hurst's Architectural and Surveyors' Pocket Book, edn. 1876	3 4
Molesworth's Engineers' Pocket Book, 2 vols	8 0
Trades' Guide, &c., each	2 4
British Manufacturing Industries ; Provisions, Brewing, &c., Jewellery, Optical Instruments, &c., Bituminous Trades, Glass, &c., each	2 4
Thurston's Report on Machinery and Manufactures in the Vienna Exhibition 1873	21 0
The Races of Man, and their Geographical Distributions from the German of Oscar Peschel	6 12
Gilbert's Fifty alphabets, Illustrated, new edn.	6 12
Craig's Your Luck in Your Hand ; or the Science of Modern Palmistry	2 4
Ralfe's Aura Surgery ; a Treatise on the Curable Form of Ear Diseases	3 12
Jones's Finger-Ring Lore—Historical, Legendary, Anecdotal. Illustrated	4 12
Blaserna's Theory of Sound in its relation to Music	3 4
The Practice of the Bombay Court of Small Causes ; by Hejmadeo Buttonjee Kotewall	3 0
Campbell's Mycircular Notes, extracts from Journals, &c., written while Travelling Westward Round the World, 2 vols	15 12
Cassell's Illustrated, Shakspeare. Illustrations by Gustave Doré, handsomely bound, 3 vols	20 0
The Adventures of Cap ain Mago, from the French of Leon Cahun. Illustrated	6 12
Eastern Persia ; an Account of the Journeys of the Persian Boundary Commission ; by Sir. F. J. Goldsmid, 2 vols.	26 4
The Roof of the World, being a Narrative over the High Plateaus of Tibet, &c. ; by Lt.-Col T. E. Gordon. Illustrated	10 12
Wilson's Prehistoric Man ; Researches into the origin of Civilization in the Old and New World, 2 vols	22 12
India in 1875-76 ; The visit of the Prince of Wales ; a Chronicle of His Royal Highness' Journeyings ; by Geo. Wheeler	7 12
The Geographical Distributions of Animals ; by A. R. Wallace, 2 vols. Illustrated	26 4
Macnamara's History of Cholera, 1876	6 12
London Society, new vol. the 29th	0 8
The Bertram Family ; by the author of Chronicles of the Shonbury Cotta Family	4 4
Molesworth's Pocket Book of Engineering Formula, 1876	3 12
Markham's History of Peru	13 4
Rawlinson's 7th Oriental Monarchy	17 8
Field Exercise and Evolution of the Army, Pocket Edn.	1 0
Rifle Exercise and Instruction of Musketry Pocket edn.	1 0
Bow Bells Annual 1876	0 12
Bow Bells Almanac 1876	0 8
Turkistan ; Notes of a Journey in Russian Turkistan, Khokand, Bokhara, and Kuldja ; by Eugene Schuyler, 2 vols. Illustrated	26 4
Fox's Epitome of Skin Diseases	1 12
Cavalry Regulations, new edn. 1876	3 0
A Treatise on Lathes and Turning, simple, mechanical, and ornamental ; by W. H. Northcott	11 4
Choke-Bore Guns, and how to load for all kinds of Game ; by W. W. Greener	4 12
Modern Breech-Loaders, Sporting and Military ; by W. W. Greener	4 12
Middlemarch ; b. George Elliott	4 12
Nautical Almanac for 1877	2 0
Hopkinson's Engineers' Practical Guide and the Working of the Steam Engine Explained by the use of the Indicator	8 0
Spon's Workshop Receipts	8 4
The Complete Practical Mechanist, Embracing Lathe Work, Vice Work, Drill and Drilling, Taps and Dies, Hardening and Tempering, &c ; by J. Rose	6 12
The Comedy of the Noctes Ambrosiana ; by Christopher North	4 12
Oliver's First Book of Indian Botany	4 8
do Lessons in Elementary Botany	5 0
Shakspeare's Almanac for 1877	3 0
Cassell's National Portrait Gallery	3 0
Marshman's History of India, 3 vols	16 0
Dickens's Sketches ; by Boz. Household edn. Illustrated	1 12
Shorter English Poems ; by Henry Morley. Illustrated	8 0
Chemia Coartata, or the key to Modern Chemistry ; by A. H. Collonge	4 12
Memoirs of the Sansons, from Private Notes and Documents ; by H. Sanson	6 12
Treasury of Natural History ; or, Popular Dictionary of Animals	6 12
Clinical Studies, Illustrated by Cases observed in Hospital and Private Practice ; by Sir J. R. Cormac, vol. I.	12 8
Infant Feeding and its Influence in Life ; by C. H. F. Routh, edn. 1876	4 12
Wood's Treatise on Therapeutics comprising Materia Medica and Toxicology, 2nd edn., revised and enlarged	8 12
The Civil Service of the Crown ; its rise and its constitution ; by W. C. Bryant	2 8
Life of His Royal Highness The Prince Consort ; by Theodore Martin, 2nd volume	11 4
Brand's Observations on Popular Antiquities, new and revised edition	4 12
The Life and Adventures of Robinson Crusoe ; by D. DeFoe. Illustrated	3 4
Practical Treatise on Roads, Streets, and Pavements ; by Q. A. Gillmore	5 0

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.
Medow Street.

BRANDIES.

	Cash. Rs. a.
FINE OLD PALE COGNAC (Treacher's celebrated Heart Labelled), pure, soft and delicate, per dozen	30 0
OLD PALE BRANDY, a choice matured Spirit	27 0
OLD BRANDY ; a sound wholesome Spirit	23 0

These well-known Spirits, unequalled for purity and softness, find an increasing sale throughout India.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

BASS'S PALE ALE,

BOTTLED BY MESSRS. M. B. FOSTER AND SONS.

TREACHER & Co. (Limited) are the exclusive AGENTS, in this Presidency, for the above Firm.

Messrs. FOSTER & SONS are the largest Bottlers of the national beverage in the World, and the Shipments of the Brand received from that Firm during the past five years have, by their unequalled qualities, gained for it the leading position in this and the other Presidencies of India.

Per Doz. Quarts, Cash ..... Rs. 6 4
Do. Pints, do. ..... „ 4 4

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

FRITH'S INDIAN PHOTOGRAPHS.

SEASON 1875-76.

MESSRS. THACKER, VINING & Co. desire to draw especial attention to the above Series of Photographs, which has now been completed by the addition of some 200 Views taken by an Artist, who passed the Season of 1874-75 in India for that special purpose.

The additions made include Views of the New Buildings in Bombay, a Series of Matheran Scenery, Views at Bassein, Poona, Nassick, and at all places of interest in this Presidency, as well as a large number of Views in Calcutta, Madras, &c., &c.

The entire Series now consists of over 500 Photographs, size 8 inches by 6½, the subjects being most artistically chosen and photographed, and exquisitely printed ; they are certainly equal, if not superior, to any that have yet been produced, whilst they are sold at the remarkably cheap rate of Rs. 15 per Dozen.

Sample Albums are always on view.

THACKER, VINING & COMPANY.

HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS AND TRAVELLERS.

ARE RESPECTFULLY INVITED TO INSPECT

BADHAM & COMPANY'S
CELEBRATED TRAVELLING KIT
READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

Cash Prices.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Deck Suits	10 to 15 8	Travelling Caps	2 8	Cotrier do	4-8 to 12 8
Overland Suits	25 0	Travelling Seal-skin Caps	6-8 to 8 8	Money Belts	2-8 to 6 8
Warm Suits	30 to 40 0	Travelling Hats	3-8 to 4 8	Sovereign Boxes	3 to 4 8
Overcoats and Inverness Capes, from	35 to 65 0	Cardigan Jackets, very warm	9-8 to 12 8	Tuffin Baskets fitted	16 to 22 8
Dressing Gowns	9 to 29 0	Travelling do	1 8	Air Tight Uniform cases	23 0
Pyjamas	3 0	Sheets, per pair	9 8	Spong Bags	1 8
Oxford Shirts, Collar attached	5 8	Pillow Cases, each	1-4 8	Sponges	3 8
White do.	4 8	Blankets	each 10	Soap Boxes	1 8
French Cambric do., Collar attached	4 8	Long Rugs or Scotch Plaids	10 to 15	Smelling Salts, per bottle	2 8
English Cambric do	4 0	Resais or Quilts	5 8	Aromatic Vinegar per bot	2 0
English Shirruck Flannel do	4 8	Ladies' Long Wool Rug Shawls	Prom 22 0	To th Brush Cards	0 10
Silk and Wool do	8 8	Portmanteaus or Overland Trunks	12-8 to 23 0	Do. Brushes	0 10
Spun Silk do	11 0	Solid Leather do	49 0	Nail do	0 12
Gents' Under Vests	3-8 0	Extra Large do	75 0	Hair Brushes and Combs	
Gents' Under Drawers	3-8 0	Linen Cuffs per doz.	6 0	Tuf ngkons do	8-8 to 12 1
Gents' Under Pants	4 to 8 0	Linen Collars per doz.	6 0	Razors, Ivory Handles	3 8
Silk Suspenders	4 0	Linen Faced Cuffs per doz.	6 0	Do. Strops	3-8 to 5 1
Gents' Cotton Socks, doz.	8 8	Linen Cuffs per doz.	1 8	Nail Scissors	1-8 to 2 0
Warm do	15 8	Linen Collars do	1 8	Briar Root Pipes	1 12
Ladies' Under Vests	4-8 to 6 8	Linen faced do	6 0	Tobacco Pouches	1 8
Ladies' White Cotton Hose	13 8	Cambric Handkerchiefs	5 8	Canvas do Taps	8 8
Ladies' Heather Merino Hose doz.	9 0	Warm Gloves	1 8	Pockets Knives	2 8
Children's White Cotton Socks, from doz.	5 to 12 8	Mits	1 8	Marine Soap, 2 cakes for	0 12
Heather Merino do.	6-8 to 12 8	Mufflers	2 12	Shaving do 6 do	0 12
Ladies' Sun and Travelling Hats, from	6 to 15 0	Pins, Scarf	0 12	Lloyd's Eux sa	1 4
		Sailors' Knot	1-8 to 3 0	Oriental To th Paste	1 8
		Windsors for Bow or Tying	1-8 to 4 0	Camphor Tape	0 8
		Gents' Canvas Shoes	2 12	Over-and Chairs best Beach 6 to	12 8
		Gents' Slippers	2 8	Luggage Labels, per doz.	2 12
		Ladies' Shoes	2 12	China Bath Slippers	2 0
		Cash Bags	6 12	Dumb Bells, from	5 0

Suits can be made, to order in six hours.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TRICHINOPOLY JEWELLERY.

BADHAM & CO.

THORPE & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
LARGE SUPPLY OF NEW GOODS,
SPECIALLY SELECTED, AND OF THE VERY LATEST FASHION.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE SUITS.

Of plain striped or Fancy Check Material, Double or Single Breast-Cut-away ..... Rs. 20 to 30

SCOTCH TWEED SUITS.

In a great variety of Fashionable makes, warranted to wear well ..... Rs. 27 to 40

SERGE SUITS.

Blue or Black Serge, Fancy Flannel or Cricketing Suits ..... From Rs. 25

DRESS SUITS.

Thin Superfine Black Dress Suits, warranted to fit and wear well ..... From Rs. 70

FROCK COATS.

From Blue or Black Twill Fancy Basket or plain Coatings, made very stylish ..... From Rs. 36

UNIFORMS.

For Army, Navy, Volunteers, or Civil Service, according to present Regulations.

A largestock of Fashionable and well assorted Tr

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, 9TH DEC. 1876.

We are still without any definite political intelligence, but from the fact of Consols having advanced from 93¼ to 93½, and French Rentes from 104½ to 104¾, it is evident that more peaceful views are again in favour.

The Liverpool Cotton Market continues to show great activity, the sales yesterday being 20,000 bales and to-day 18,000 bales. Fair Dhollera and Fair Omrawuttee have advanced 3/16d. and Mid. Orleans 1/16d. per lb., but other spot prices are unchanged. To arrive Reuter yesterday quoted G F Dhollera with the G. F. clause November-December shipment, Canal, at 5d. and G. F. Omra with the G. F. clause, January February shipment, Canal, at 5¼d.; and to day F. G. F. Dhollera, with the G. F. clause, December-January shipment, Canal, at 5¾d. the two first mentioned being an advance of ¼d. and, the last quotation of 3-16d. to ¼d per lb. from then prices ruling in the early part of the week.

The reasons for the improvement are evidently the more peaceful aspect of things on the Continent, and the falling off in the receipts at the American ports. The advantage to be derived from a settlement the Turkish Question has almost, we think, been discounted, but the short receipts constitute a much more powerful influence, and should the figures continue to decline, a further material rise in prices would probably follow. To our thinking, however, it is too early yet to accept a falling off from this point, as a certainty. It will be observed from the figures given below that, although this week's total is 16,000 bales less than last, it is still 15,000 bales more than the corresponding week last year; moreover, the decline has not been general throughout the week, but is almost entirely accounted for by the small figures for Saturday last, so that there is nothing yet to show a general falling off. In the meantime the total to date this season is 272,000 bales in excess of last, and to make a crop of only 4½ millions of bales as many people anticipate, and on which, we believe, present prices are based, the figures must lose, as compared with last season, about 700,000 bales. This is a very large quantity to work off—an average of 18,500 bales per week from now to the end of the season—and should next week's figures be equal to last year's, we fancy faith in short crop estimates will begin to waver again.

The American crop figures to date are as follows :—

	1876	1875	1874
Week's Receipts	187,000	172,000	179,000
,, Exports to U. K.....	108,000	59,000	54,000
,, ,, Continent...	27 000	42,000	41,000
Total Receipts since 1st Sept	2,033 500	1,761,800	1,625 000
,, Exports to U. K., ,, ...	588 000	521,300	622,300
,, ,, Continent ,, ...	285,000	360,900	180,000
,, Stocks at the Ports ...	929,000	666,000	656,000

The visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 8th instant gives the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1876	1875	1874
Total supply of all kinds	2,590,000	2,346,420	2,296,460
,, ,, ,, Surats ...	370,000	572,300	633,380
For the U. K. only the figures are :—			
Stock in Liverpool	463,000	484,249	520,330
Do. London.....	38,250	55,140	118,340
American Afloat.....	320,000	296,000	351,000
E. Indian ,, ...	70 000	110,000	111,000
	891,250	945,389	1,100,670
Price of Mid. Orleans.....	6d.	7 3-16d.	7 15-16d.
,, Fair Dhollera ...	5 3-16d.	4 11-16d.	5d.
Difference	1 9-16d.	2¾d.	2 15-16d.

Reuter reports the Manchester Piece Goods Market yesterday as firm at unchanged prices, with the exception of 39 inch Jacconets which are quoted ⅛d. per piece higher, but private telegrams are somewhat stronger in tone, and speak of a large business doing. The statement giving the shipments of Goods and Yarns from the U. K. to India during the month of November, gives large supplies of all descriptions for this port, and full, but not excessive shipments, for Calcutta.

In Mincing Lane Coffee is reported very firm at an advance of 1s. per cwt. in Mid. Plantation Ceylon and Native Mysore, and 2s. per cwt. in Good Ord. Native, Cocoanut Oil is unchanged. Bombay Linseed has advanced 6d. and Pencrzepore Rapeseed 2s. 3d. per quarter. Calcutta Linseed and Rapeseed are both 1s. 6d. per quarter higher on the week.

Enfaced Rupee Paper in London continues to advance, Fours being now quoted at 88¾, Fours-and-a half at 88¾, Fives and-a half at 92. Indian Exchange Bank shares are tending upwards, Chartered and Chartered Mercantile being both 10s. and Hongkong and Shanghai £1 per share higher. Orientals are unchanged.

Reuter now quotes Bar Silver in London at 56¼d. per oz, a further rise of ¼d., making the equivalent of the rupee nearly Rs. 9 11-16d.

Sterling Exchange here to-day has again been strong with an upward tendency, and we quote an advance of 1-16d. per rupee. A considerable business has been done for future delivery, but ready transactions are small, the amount of bills making being very limited. We quote :—

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 9 11-16d.	per Rupee.
Do. 6 ,, ...	1s. 10d.	
Credits 3 ,, ...	1s. 9 15-16 to 1-10d.	,,
Documents, 3 ,, ...	1s. 10d.	,,

On Calcutta we still quote demand 1/16 prem ; 60 days' sight 99½.

Government Paper is weak with more sellers than buyers. We call, Fours Rs. 93¾ ; Fours-and -half, Rs. 98¾ ; Fives-and-a-half, Rs. 101¾.

The Share Market to day has been quiet with no transactions of importance and almost no alterations in rates.

Cotton to-day has been very strong owing to the accounts from Liverpool and prices both of Old and New Cotton are quite Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per candy higher. In Old Cotton ready, the transactions have been unimportant, but considerable purchases of New Omrawuttee and American seed Khandeish have been made for January delivery at Rs. 198 to Rs. 205 per candy.

Freights are slightly quieter by steamer, the City of Baltimore having been put on the berth for Liverpool at £2 5 per ton. By sail there is still nothing doing.

Piece Goods are slightly firmer and a fair business is passing in the Bazaar, but we have not heard of any important transactions from first hands.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The S. S. Presnitz, 1,067 tons, Captain G. Armstrong, sailed on Saturday last for Kurrachee, in ballast.

The Reid Futtay Rahmon, 67 tons, Nacoda, arrived in harbour on the 8th instant from Cochin, with a general cargo.

The s. s. Wickham, 1,124 tons, Captain C. Stewart sailed yesterday for Marseilles via the Suez Canal, with a general cargo.

The S. S. Pehlwan, 51, tons, Captain H. Percy, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo and thirty deck passengers.

The s. s. Oosun 162 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, arrived in harbour on the 8 h instant fr m Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo, and one hundred and twenty-nine deck passengers.

The Ship Canute, 1,215 tons, Captain Evans, arrived in harbour on the 9 h instant from Cardiff, with a cargo of 1,603 tons coal. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. W. Nicol and Co.

The Ship Hamilton, 1,262 tons, Captain Hill, arrived in harbour on the 9th instant from Liverpool, with a cargo of 1 490 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Mr. Nusserwanjee Framjee and Co.

The Ship Onesida, 1 03 tons, Captain O. G. Eaton, arrived in harbour on the 10th instant from Liverpool (August 7th), with a cargo of 1516 tons coal. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

The Ship Allum Gheer, 900 tons, Captain W. Williams, arrived in harbour on the 9 h instant from Mauritius (November 2nd), with a cargo of 7,339 bags sugar and the following passengers :—Dr. A. Noel, three hundred and fifty-three emigrants, and thirty-seven deck passengers.

The s.s. Borrowdale, 990 tons, Captain W. Davis, arrived in harbour on the 10th instant from Shields (November 3rd), calling at Malta, Port Said, and via the Suez Canal, with a cargo of 1405 tons coal, and the following passengers :—Mr. Belford, and two Misses. Shouler. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Futtalie, 494 tons, Captain W. R. Mason, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Mr. A. C. Carvendish, Mr. and Messrs. Richey, Infant, and four servants, Major Morrison Captain and Mrs. Fraser and two servants, Mr. H. Remmers, and fifteen deck passengers.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Bangalore, 1,309 tons, Captain G. N. Hector, sailed on Saturday last for Australia &c., with Australian Mails, general cargo and the following passengers :—For Melbourne. Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Webb, Miss. Webb, Mrs. Strickland, Mrs. Heywood, Mr. E. Emerson, Mr. Kreroose, Mr. and Mrs. George Noble, Mr. E. Weeks, Mr. J. Flynn, and Mr. Henry Carrick, For Sydney—Mr. J. Ritchie and daughter.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
7	Oorun (s)	Baker.....	Mandvee, Dec 6.
	Futtay Rahmon.....	Nacoda	Cochin, Nov 18.
	Allum Gheer	Williams	Mauritius, Nov 2.
	Borrowdale(s).....	Davis	Shields, Nov 3.
	Oneida	Eaton.....	Liverpool, Aug 7.
	Canute	Evans.....	Cardiff.
	Hamilton	Hill	Liverpool.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
9	Cape of Good Hope	Henderson ...	Calcutta.
	Pehlwan (s).....	Percy	Coast and Cutch.
	Premitz (s)	Armstrong ...	Kurrachee.
	Futtalily(s)	Mason	Coast and Calcutta.
	Bangalore (s)	Hector	Australia, &c.
10	Wickham (s)	Stewart.....	Marseilles.

The following vessels were entered out for loadin on Saturday last.—

Steamer City of Baltimore, to Liverpool.
Steamer Oorum, to Coast and Cutch.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.			
5	Japan (s)	Smidt.....	N'apatas, Nov 29.
	Suzette	Flindt	Bombay, Nov 28.
	Fathe Salem	Machon	Bombay, Oct 7.
6	Meinam (s)	DeVilliers ...	Point de Galle, Nov 30.
	Mirs (s).....	Lyon.....	Liverpool, Nov 4.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.			
5	Busheer (s)	.....	.....
	Moulmein (s)	.....	.....
	Brimstone	.....	.....
	Soohi Joskim	.....	.....
6	Oonjia (s).....	.....	.....
	Queen Margaret(s).	.....	.....
	Lord Canning	.....	.....
	Dadamjee	.....	.....
	Empress of India ...	.....	.....

PASSENGERS.

Per Suez.—Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin

Per Meinam.—From Marseilles.—Captain and Mrs. Boyd, Messrs. Shea. Rahimann, Heuz-schmet, Vouck, Lagniel and sisters, Mesdames Fredrik. From Pondicherry.—Mrs. Dumaine, 3 children and servant, Miss Enouf. From Madras.—Mr. R. B. Doss.

Per Mirs.—Mr. R. H Anderson, Mr. E. Dowie, Mrs. H. J. Bainsbridge, child and nurse, Major R. G. Smythe, Mr. H. W. J. Hill, Mr. H. W. J. Hill, Mr G. S. Reade, Mrs. Selby and infants, Mrs. Carrington and infants, Mrs. Tedlow and 2 children, Miss Stephens, Mrs. Sedgie and 4 children, Miss Thompson, Mr W F Farquharson, Mr. A. C. Wright and 3 children, Mr J. J. Saunders, Mr. H. Dewes, Mr. J. Brown, Mr. F. W. Cantopher, and 2 Natives.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.			
4	Naples (s).....	.....	Calcutta.
5	Socotra (s)	.....	Calcutta.
	M. of Londonderry.	.....	Calcutta.
	D. of Lancaster (s)..	.....	Londn.
6	Indus (s)	.....	Southampton.
	Ava (s)	.....	Calcutta.
	Atholla (s).....	.....	Calcutta.
	Killena	.....	Calcutta.
	Helen Wallace	.....	Gopalpore.
	Glenroy.....	.....	Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.			
4	Cosmopolite.....	.....	Calcutta.
6	Madras (s).....	.....	Point de Galle.
	Sea Gull (s).....	.....	Calcutta.
6	Indus (s)	.....	Calcutta.
7	British Empire	.....	Balasore.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P and O. S. Indus—From Southampton to Madras—Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Gatherer. Mrs. W. Barlow, Lady Chamberlain and Interpreter, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Hall and child, Miss Pinsent, Mrs. Caldwell, Miss Caldwell, Miss Campbell, Mrs. Barker, Major A. G. Murray, Miss Page, Mrs White, Mr and Mrs Whock, Mrs Blisset nyah, Mr. Byrne, child, infant and ayah, Miss Mathews, Messrs. W. Gibbs, W White, J. Temple, G Sorge, W. Milligan, A. Ponsford, C. Lambie, A Russell, and J. J. Jenkins, Mrs. Jenkins and Mr. Walford.

Per s. s. Docea—From Coconada for Madras—Two natives.

Per s. s. Duke of Lancaster—For Colombo—Mr. and Mrs. Sykes, infant and Maid, Mrs. Cotton, child and ayah, Mr. Harris, Mr. Ashmore, and Mrs. Crabbe For Madras—Revd. and Mrs. Matheson, Capt and Mrs Hewetson, two children and ayah, Miss Hewetson, Mrs H. T. Rogers, Miss Rogers, Mr. Gompertz, Mrs. Beebie, infant and ayah, Mr. Bradley Revd Fraser Campbell and Mr. Higgins For Calcutta—Dr. and Mrs. Buckley, Mr. Fink, Revd. and Mrs. Wood, two children and ayah, Mr. Watson, Miss Watson Mr. Cox, Mr. H ll well, Mr. Brodie, Mr. Baines, Miss Fourarces, Mr. Keswick, Miss Newton, Mr. Haddee, Mr. Rickford Mr. Carpmael, Mrs Martin, Mr. J. A. Blackwall, Mr Mittra, Dr. Carter, Mr. Forbes, Mr. Darler, Miss Patton, Mr. and Mrs. Woodruffee, Mr. Ouchterlony, Mrs. Blanchett, and Revd. H. Eliot.

DAILY IMPORTS—DECEMBER 9.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clive s—8 packages glassware, Nanjee Canjee.
Trinacria s—60 boxes tinned plates, Abdoolhoossein Heptoola

FROM LONDON.

Guinevere—8 cases slates, Muncherjee Palonjee and Co ; 1,000 packages steel, Lookmanjee Ebramjee ; 125 boxes tinned plates, Allibhoy Tyebkhan.
Renown s—105 cases brandy, C. Bouneville and Co.
Trinacria s—1 cask whiskey, Jamsetjee Framjee.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Naples s—12 cases brandy, and 2 cases claret, Geo. Gahagan.

FROM GENOA.

Batavia s—125 cases brandy Benn, Ashley and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 9.

FOR LIVERPOOL

Trinacria s—600 cwts myrabolams, Juvare Shamjee ; 1 bale cotton. A Blaccheck and Co ; 18 bales cotton, W and A Graham and Co ; 35 bales wool, Covejee Nursee ; 125 bales wool, Framjee Khuttaw ; 94 bales wool, Feel, Cassie and Co ; City of Baltimore s—3,000 cwts myrabolams and 200 bales cott n, W and A Graham and Co ; 8,000 cwts wheat, Finlay, Scott and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Cathay s—2 cases shawls, Sir Charles Forbes and Co ; 1 box gold bar, the H and S Bank.
Mirzapore s—1 case E tseh, Bhoychund Jeomkha ; 2 0 cwts B horns, Kass m Noor Mam d ; 7½ cwts B horns, R Gufbulbhoy ; 6 bales hides, Cramjibhoy Kawasbhoy ; 2 bales hides, Ebramjee Cowasjee ; 181 cwts gram, Ally Mahomed Kassum ; 5½ cwts E tseh, Mahamed ee Tarbhoy ; 1½ cwts E tseh, one or Eaffaybhoy ; 23 cwts, 27½ cwts D horns, and 11 cwts B horns, Alimamed Hassum.

FOR VENICE.

Cathay s—200 bales cotton, Geo Lockhart and Co.

FOR TRIEST.

Cathay s—2 bales cotton, Greaves, Cotton and Co ; 150 bales cott n, Geo Lockhart and Co.

FOR ST. NAZAIRE.

City of Halifax, 1 699 bags pepper, Volkart Brothers ; 160 cwts B horns C N Gomes.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Wickham s—37 bags, and 16 bags wheat, Ewart, Latham and Co
Cathay s—2½ bales cotton, Greaves, Cotton and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Cathay s—25 cases cassia, Lu lubhoy Mookhund.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Vixen s—100 bales cotton, Young and Co ; 100 bales cotton n Anderson and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Khetsedas Hurmookroy ; 200 bales cotton, Jenkidass Foolchund ; 50 bales cotton Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Khiva s—31 cwts sandalwood, Joosub Lutiff ; 9 cwts sandalwood, B N Talati ; 5 cases rubies, A C Curmowji ; 6 cases raisins, Sorabjee Framjee ; 24 cases raisins, and 9 bales cotton, Currimbhoy Ebram ; 16 bales cotton Dowa Lalljee ; 12 bales twist, C Byramjee ; 164 bales twist, Ebrahimbhoy Ebram ; 29 bales twist Choondlal Buldeo ; 15 bales twist, the Alliance S and W Co ; 23 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram ; 20 bales twist, Jairambhoy Peerbhoy ; 2 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co ; 200 baskets onions, Shaik Mamed ; 200 baskets onions, Sullaman Ally ; 200 baskets, Hasson Lall ; 6 cases sharkfins, Allana Manjee ; 323 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co ; 193 chests opium Nusserwanjee Kessowjee and Co ; 16 chests opium, Nuthoojee Soorjmull, 4 chests opium, F N Pestonjee ; 30 chests opium, Tata and Co ; 38 bottles quick silver, Ebram Noordin and Co ; 66 cases sharkfins and fishmaws, G H Mahamed ; 29 cases sharkfins and fishmaws, Mahamed Rowjee ; 20 cases sharkfins and fishmaws, Rajum Ajoo ; 22 packages byasbale, Allana Munjee and Co ; 234 packages alibanum, Ebram Hassum ; 9 cases sharkfins and fishmaws, and 6 cases peacock feather, G H Jan Mahamed ; 36 chests opium, N J Abraham ; 12 chests, opium Kurnarum Manockram ; 215 chests opium, E D Sassoon.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Khiva s—35 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co ; 36 chests opium, E D Sassoon.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.—DECEMBER 8.

Willock, Capt, Bengal 3rd Cavalry, on sick leave, from Lucknow.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 9.

Fisher, Major, Bombay staff Corps, to rejoin, to Hydrabad.

DECEMBER 9.

Fere, Capt, Bombay R E, on duty, to Ratnagherry.
Love, Lieut, Madras R E, on duty, to Bangalore.
Chamberlain, Lieut, Bengal 2nd Central India Horse, on duty to Delhi.

DECEMBER 10.

Snodgrass, Lieut, Bengal R H A, to rejoin, to Meerut.
Twcett, Capt, Madras 33rd Regt, on duty, to Kamptee.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

By His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief,
Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters,
Poona, 9th December 1876.

The C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointment :—
8th Regt N I—Surg-Maj E Morton, offg, in medical charge 7th N I, to the m dical charge.

Lt Col N s Thoyts, Staff Corps, is placed on general duty, Kurrachee.

The undermentioned officers returned to duty by permission of the Secy of state for India, on th 6th Dec 1876 :—

Col G E Thomas, S C, Capt J Rutherford, General List, Asst Supdt Revenue Survey, and Capt R T Frere, R E, Executive E gineer, P W Dept.

The undermentioned are reported to have passed the required examination in Hindoostani according to the Lower Standard Test :—

Bombardier A Brown, D Batty C Bde R H A ; Serjt F Bunyan, 4th Bde R A ; Queen's Gunner G Grey, 6th Bde R A, and M Collet, 1st Battalion 2nd Foot ; Lt W W Ward, Paymaster Serjt W Speak, Serjt S Whitney, Corporal C Lasselles, Private J Reed and Private G Melville, 2nd Batln 15th Foot ; 2nd Lt J H W Anson and Sub Lt W B Marling, 33rd Foot ; and Magazine Serjt C Wal-h, Ordnance Dept.

The undermentioned officers are appointed to act as Joint-Mag and Depy Collr in the Surat District, and is posted to Hooghly.

Mr Hoogland Ransome, who has recently been appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Asst Mag and Collr in the Purneah division.

Mr Duncan Camero , who has recently been appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Servi e, is appointed to be an Asst Mag and C ll in the Pr sidency division.

Mr W H McGun, Offg Joint-Mag and Depy Collr, Cuttack, is transferred to the sa ne station as Joint-Mag and Depy Collr, in charge of the Khoordah division of the Pooree district, and transferring Mr H H Greaves, Offg Joint-Magistrate and Depy Collr, in charge of the Khoordah division of the Pooree district, to the Sudder Station of Balasore.

Mr A V Knyvett, Asst Supt of Police, Monnfferpore, is transferred temporarily to P tna.

The orders of the 29th Nov 1876, published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 22nd id m, transferring the following Dist Supts of Police, are cancelled :—

Mr J Cockburn, from Burdwan to Midnapore ; Mai C T Ritchie, from Midnapore to Hazareebagh ; Mr W P Davis, from Hazareebagh to Patna ; and Capt H M Ramsay, from Patna to Burdwan.

Mr J B Birch, Asst Supt of Police, Nuddea, is appointed to act as Dist Supt of Police, Pubna, during the absence, on furlough, of Mr H L Jones, or until further orders.

Mr W B Christie, C E, acted in the third class of the Bengal Educational Service from the 24th Aug to the 16th Oct 1876.

Surgn-Maj Henry Cayley, Offg Professor of Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery, Calcutta Med College, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 15th April last, vice Dr N C Macnamara, retired.

Surgn William Day Stewart, Officiating Civil Surgeon, Cuttack, is confirmed in that appointment, vice Surgn-Maj Cayley.

Surgn-Maj Rose Cornish Fletcher, Offg Health Officer, Port of Calcutta, is appointed to be Civil Surgn of Burdwan, vice Dr W D Stewart, but to continue to act as Health Officer of the Port of Calcutta.

Dr C M Russell, Civil Medl Officer, Sarun, is allowed leave for three months, under Sec 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

The undermentioned are appointed temporarily to do duty in the Presidency General Hospital :—

Surgn E H Meredith ; Surgn D J Macdonald ; Surgn H Hamilton, M D, and Surgn N J Halpin.

Mr A Elliot, Asst Sub-Depy Opium Agent, Motechair, is allowed leave for 3 months and 9 days, under Sec 19, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from 1st Supt 1876.

Mr S J Kilby, Offg Dist Supt of Police, Jessore, is appointed, to act under the Supt, Customs Preventive Service, from the date on which he may relieve Mr E T Hanby.

Mr W Jacob, Depy Conservator of Forests Sunderbuns Division, is allowed leave for one month and ten days, under Sec 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from 6th Dec 1876.

Mr H H Davis, Asst Conservator of Forests, second grade, is appointed to have charge of the Sunderbuns Forest Division during the absence, on leave, of Mr W Jacob, or until further orders.

The Lt-Gov r is pleased to approve of the election, under Sec 30, Act V (B C) of 1876, by the Municipal Comrs of the Behrampore Municipality, of Baboo Poresnno Comar Bose to be Vice-Chairman of that Municipality during the absence, on leave, of Mr D B Allen.

Mr H Peterson is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Jessore Municipality.

Mr C C Quinn, Joint-Mag and Depy Collr of Burdwan, is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of Dist Road Cess Committee of Burdwan, vice Mr D W M Testro, transferred.

MADRAS GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Fort St. George Gazette, December 5.)

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

Mr W McQuhae, Madras Civil Service, having reported his arrival at Bombay on the 30th ultimo on return from furlough, is granted subsidiary leave not exceeding three weeks to enable him to rejoin his appointment.

Mr J C Hughes-Hallett, Madras Civil Service, having reported his return from furlough and arrival at Bombay on the 30th ultimo, the unexpired portion of his furlough is cancelled, and he is granted subsidiary leave, not exceeding three weeks to enable him to rejoin his appointment.

The three months' leave on medical certificate granted to Surgn-Maj R H Hunt, Surgn of the 4th Hussars, is noted on the Gazette of the 28th ultimo, is under the Furlough Regulations of 1868

Mr T M Hirtzfall is admitted as a Member of the Madras Civil Service from the 5th inst, the date of his arrival at Madras.

Capt W F Wright to act as Hindustani and Persian Translator to Govt during the absence of Lt Col Tyrrell on duty.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Edward Hadfield, Acts Asst Supt of Police, Coimbatore, to act as Asst Supt of Police, Godavery Dist during the employment of Mr C G Morris on other duty or until further orders, but to do duty temporarily in the Malabar Dist.

Under Sec 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Mr Herbert Frederick Cleghorn, employed on special duty on Relief Works in the Dist of Kurnool, is appointed to be a Mag of the 1st Class and to exercise the powers conferred on Mag of that class by Notification of 1st Jan 1876 throughout the Dist.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr John Alfred Jones to be Ex Engr to the Madras Municipality under the provision of Sec 6 of Act No V of 1-74.

In anticipation of Confirmation by the Secy of State, his Grace the Gov r in Council is pleased to appoint Maj Genl Fred Walker, R E, to be Chief Engr and Secy to Govt in the P W Dept for three months, from the 6th Oct 1876, the date on which he succeeded to Col's Allowances.

Capt S C Clarke, R E is appointed to the P W Dept as Ex Engr 3rd grade, Supernumerary.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

With refer nce to the P D pt Notifications, dated 28th Nov 1876, the services of Surgn-Maj C J Rogers and Surgn W. Robinson, of the Indian Medical Dept, are replaced at the disposal of H H the Gov r in Coun il.

The following promotion is made, subject to H M's approval :—

Cavalry—Lt Col (B-Col) Charles Raper Stainforth, having completed 12 years' service as substantive Lt-Col, to be Col from the 30th Nov 1876.

The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from Europe :—

Lt-Col H Fraser, S C, Military Secy to the Resident at Hyderabad.

Lt-Col W G Grove, Infy, Supt of Police, British Burmah and Maj A F Boone, S C, arrived at Bombay on the 23rd Nov 1876.

Capt A F Langdon, S C, Sub-Asst Commissary-Genl, arrived at Madras on the 24th Nov 1876.

Surgn-Maj H E Pea se, Zillah Surgn, Salem, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on sick certificate affect for one year, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave, and to embark from Madras or Bombay.

The following promotion is made, subject to H M's approval :—

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

Capt (Bt-Maj) William Shapter Hunt, having completed 20 years' service, to be Maj, from the 30th Nov 1876.

The undermentioned officers is permitted to retire from the service from this date, under the provisions of G O G G No 1 of 1876, republished in Madras G O G No 28, dated 7th January 1876 :—

Lt Col (Bt Col) Charles Crawford Mason, S C, Ordinary Pension £368, Capitalized value of Annuity £4,080, to be paid in England.

The following promotion are made, subject to H M's approval :—

Maj W C Clarke (Lt Col in S C, to be Lt Col, from 30th Nov 1876, vice Stainforth, promoted.

Capt (Bt Lt Col) Reynolds St James Prendergast, to be Maj, from 3 th Nov 1876, vice Stainforth, promoted.

Maj C H Ab dy (Lt Col in S C), to be Lt Col, from 30th Nov 1876, vice Clarke, promoted and removed.

Capt F L Maunsell (Lt Col in S C), to be Maj, from 30th Nov 1876, vice Clarke, promoted and removed.

Maj (Bt Lt Col) William James Morris, to be Lt Col, from 30th Nov 1876, vice Abdy, promoted and removed.

Capt (Bt Maj) Charles Samuel Steward, to be Maj, from 3 th Nov 1876, vice Abdy, promoted and removed.

Lt C H E Lamprey, Staff Corps, British Burmah, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs for eighteen months, under the Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave.

The undermentioned Officers are permitted to retire from the service from this date under the provisions of G O G G No 1 of 1876, republished in Madras G O G No 28, dated 7th January 1876 :—

Lt Col (Bt Col) James Edmund Mayne, S C, Ordinary Pension £456-5, Extra Annuity £968 12, to be paid in England.

Lt Col (Bt Col) Wa ter Weldon, S C, Ordinary Pension £365, Extra Annuity £324-4, to be paid in England.

Lt Col (Bt Col) Henry Thomas Neild, S C, Ordinary Pension £292 Extra Annuity £333-5, to be paid in England.

Lt Col Coulson Frederick Joseph Skottowe, S C, Ordinary Pension £292, Consolidated Annuity of £2,920, to be paid in Rs. 9,000 in India, remainder in England.

The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from Europe :—

Surgn J Smith, Indian Medl Dept, arrived at Madras on the 23rd Nov 1876.

Capt W C Bayley, S C, 2nd Wing Suba 33rd Regt N I, arrived at Madras on the 30th Nov 1876.

His Grace the Govr in Council is pleased to re-appoint Capt A F. Hamilton, of the 3rd Bengal Engrs, to be Adjt of the Corps of Sappers and Miners, with effect from the 12th Dec 1876.

Surgn Maj D Kearney, Indian Medl Dept, in medical charge of the 14th Regt N I, is permitted to proceed to the Eastern Coast, Bangalore, and the Neilgherries, on furlough on private affairs, for one year, under the Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave.

The services of C pt S C. Clarke, of the R Engrs, are placed at the disposal of the P W D pt.

The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from Europe :—

Surgn-Maj S J Wyndowe, Indian Medl Dept, Residency Surgn Hyderabad, arrived at Bombay on the 23rd Nov 1876.

The following promotion is made in the Ordnance Dept :—

Officiating Conductor George Grenhill to be Conductor from the 15th Nov 1876, vice Condr Debnam, appointed Barrack Master, Belary.

OVERLAND SUMMARY

OF

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

LIST OF CONTENTS.

Mails and Passengers from and to Bombay.
Heads of Intelligence.
General Summary.
The Famine in the Deccan.
Congratulatory Addresses to Her Majesty the Queen—Meeting of Parsees at "Maragon Castle."
The Warlike Preparations in Affghanistan and Russian Intrigue.
Reasons why Sir Richard Temple has been appointed Governor of Bombay.
Emigration as a Source of Relief to India.
Important Proposed Re-Arrangement of the Bombay Presidency.
Bombay's Duty on Proclamation Day.
General News—
Bombay and Bombay Presidency.
Notes from Berar.
The Famine in the Deccan.
The Famine Distress.
The Bhownuggur Villages.
The New Sheriff of Bombay.
The Gaekwar of Baroda.
Fergusson's "Indian and Eastern Architecture."
Sir Richard Temple's Appointment as Governor of Bombay.
Incompetent Medical Officers.
Rear-Admiral Macdonald.
Patel Railway Accident.
Arrival of the Troopship Serapis.
Bengal and Central Provinces.
St Andrew's Day in Calcutta.
Madras.
Burmah.
N. W. Provinces, Punjaub, and Oudh.
Indian News-Letters—
Bhoosawul.
Topics of the Times—
Prince Bismarck's Utterances.
Incompetent Medical Officers and their Consequences in the Districts.
Official Gazettes—
Bombay Army Orders—Bombay Government Orders—Government of India Orders—Bengal Government Orders—Madras Government Orders—Orders by the Commander-in-Chief in India—North-Western Provinces Orders—Central Provinces Orders—Punjab Government Orders.
Commercial—
Bombay Market Report—Bombay Bill and Stock List—Bank—Exchange—Prices of Bullion, &c—Government Securities—Returns of the Bank of Bombay, Bank of Bengal G. I. P. and B. B. & C. I. Railways—Bombay Price Current.
Shipping Intelligence.
Freight.
Vessels in Bombay Harbour.
Ships and Steamers expected from Home and Out-Ports.
Arrivals and Departures.
Domestic Occurrences—
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

With the Indian Edition there is a Supplement containing :—
Latest Telegrams.
English Political and Social Letter.
Turkish Affairs.
English Sporting Notes.
The Army.

HIGH COURT.—11TH DECEMBER.

(Before the Honourable Sir. Charles Sargent Knight.)

LONG CAUSE.

691-75—Macfarlane—Heerabai vs Rahimutbai—Lynch and Tobin —Part heard.

Ecclesiastical Side.

In the Goods of Rahimbhoy Adamjee, deceased—Mr J Macfarlane—Heerabai vs Rahimutbai—Lynch and Tobin.

LONG CAUSES.

222-76—Khunderao M—Narrotjee Bhimjee vs Huriba Withoba—Craigie, Lynch and Owen.

251-76—Rumington, H and L—Abdoola bin Balloomeea vs Bai Sharifabebee, widow—M H Khan.

349-76—Mr Ruale—David Solomon and another vs Ezekiel Solomon, &c.,—Rimington, Hore and Langley.

(Before the Honorable Mr. Justice Bayley.)

LONG CAUSES.

2-73—Macfarlane—Shaik Mahomed Abdool Latif vs Mahomed bin Mahomed Cassum E—Lynch and Tobin.

442-76—Jefferson and Payne—Cowasjee Palloojee vs Dadabhoy Nusserwanjee—Lynch and Tobin and Remington, Hore and Langley.

(Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Atkinson.)

For Judgments on further directions on Commissioner's Report.

670-72—Tyabjee and Sayani—Mulji Isabhai, &c. vs Dayal Ratansel and others—Fletcher and Smith.

For Investigation under Sec. 3.5 of Act 8 of 1859.

In person—Bai Moolee widow vs Dalsook Hurrychund and another—Tyabjee and Payne.

LONG CAUSES.

548-73—Mr Macfarlane—Hajee Sallay Mahomed Hajee M vs Nemchund Cullianjee—Fletcher and Smith.

549-73—Mr Macfarlane—Hajee Sallay Mahomed Hajee M vs Marwady Jokhuram Jusraj—Fletcher and Smith.

550-73—Mr Macfarlane—Hajee Sallay Mahomed Hajee M vs Purshotam Giridhardass—Fletcher and Smith.

551-73—Mr Macfarlane—Hajee Sallay Mahomed Hajee M vs Dwarkadass Sangjee—Fletcher and Smith.

552-73—Mr Macfarlane—Hajee Sallay Mahomed Hajee M vs Hurmookroy Khetseydass—Fletcher and Smith.

553-73—Mr Macfarlane—Hajee Sallay Mahomed Hajee M vs Vussonjee Cursonjee—Fletcher and Smith.

554-73—Mr Macfarlane—Hajee Sallay Mahomed Hajee M vs Premchund Jeychund—Fletcher and Smith.

84-76—B Pandoorang—Hurryshunker Balkrishna and another vs Crustoarao Raghoonath and others—Crawford and Bowyer.

187-76—Prescot and Winter—Suruwatibai widow and another vs Bhai Bhawoo and another—Balkrishna and Bhugwandass.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

AFFAIRS OF AFGHANISTAN AND CENTRAL ASIA.

LAHORE, 10TH DEC.

A break of friendly relations between the Ameer of Cabul and the British Government is rumoured. The Russian Agent has left Cabul furnished with letters and presents. He was well treated while at Cabul. The Ameer wrote to Ayub Khan promising pardon, and provision also to the Governor of Herat to induce the former to return to Cabul.

Russian troops have arrived in Bukhara to guard the cantonment on the Oxus. The Shah's late visits the Russian General against the Shah's wish. Serious disturbances between Shias and Sunnees at Bukhara are expected.

CALCUTTA NEWS.

CALCUTTA, 9TH DEC.

The President of the Council notifies that upon the condition of arrangements being made for the transaction of urgent business the public offices in Calcutta will be closed from the 25th December to the 4th January, both days inclusive.

Mr. Aitchison, Foreign Secretary, has been granted eight months' extension of leave.

On the nomination of the Chief Justice the Viceroy has appointed J. F. Ogilvy, Esq., of the firm of Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co., Sheriff of Calcutta for the ensuing year.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

IMPORTANT MEETING AT ST. JAMES'S HALL.—THE GOVERNMENT POLICY CONDEMNED.

LONDON, 9TH DEC.

A Conference was held yesterday at St. James's Hall under the presidency of the Marquis of Westminster. There were present the Earl of Shaftesbury and many Members of Parliament, besides upwards of one thousand delegates from different parts of the country. The speakers, including Mr. Gladstone, condemned the present ambiguous policy of Government, which must be made to understand that the English nation is unanimous against defending Turkey. The speakers urged England's cordial co-operation with Russia on behalf of the Christians in Turkey.

THE CONVOCATION OF PARLIAMENT.

Parliament has been convoked for 8th February.

LORD SALISBURY AND GENERAL IGNATIEFF.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 9TH DEC.

The Marquis of Salisbury had a long interview with General Ignatieff, the Russian Ambassador, yesterday.

THE S. S. MALABAR.

ALEXANDRIA, 9TH DEC.

H. M. Indian Transport Malabar has passed through the Suez Canal, homeward bound.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, 8TH DEC.

Total Week's Sales of Cotton	65,000	bales.
Do. Amount forwarded	4,000	do.
Do. Week's Sales of Surats	16,000	do.
Do. Amount forwarded	1,000	do.
Do. Week's Imports of Cotton ..	66,000	do.
Do. do. Surats	1,000	do.
Do. Stock of Cotton	463,000	do.
Do. do. Surats	104,000	do.
Do. Stock of Cotton in London ..	38,250	do.

LONDON, 8TH DEC., AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed very firm Surats very firm.

The London Cotton Market has been very firm.

Fair Dhollera ..... 5 1/16d.

The Manchester Market has been firm.

7 lbs. Shirtings 6-3

8¼ lbs. do. 7-6

40s Mule Twist 9-11

3 per cent. Consols for account 95⅞

5 per cent. French Rente 1872 ....104¼

Bar Silver 56½

The sum of £165,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

It is said that Sir Lewis Pelly, K. C. S. I., is at Peshawur, and that he will probably visit Nowshera in a day or two.

The Directors of the Bank of Bengal, at their meeting on Thursday made no alteration in the rate of interest or discount.

The Viceroy has telegraphed that he will be glad to receive an address from the Corporation of Bombay on his arrival here.

Sir Andrew Clarke has sent for all the papers relating to the constitution of the Bombay Port Trust and the construction of the Prince's Dock.

40,000 men are now employed in ship-building on the Clyde; and the Clyde ship-building yards could reconstruct the whole British Navy in two years.

* The *Lancet* states that bromide of camphor has been found a serviceable remedy in chorea and hysteria, as well as in various other nervous affections.

The Lahore paper informs us that "a most important circular regarding the Wahabees has been published by the Government, which, at last, draws a distinction between disloyalty and mere puritanism, which, as we have so often proved, is Wahabeeism."

The twin-screw ironclad Nelson, lately launched by Messrs. J. Elder and Co., of Glasgow, is to be provided with four 18-ton guns, eight 12-ton guns, and six torpedo guns. She is divided into about ninety water-tight spaces. The bottom is sheathed with 3-in. teak coppered.

Messrs. Laurie and Staiten have contracted to supply all that is required in the messes of the Foreign Office and the Press Camps at Delhi. The Council of Regency at Puttiala have, the *Pioneer* tells us, lent two of the splendid State Durbar tents for the messes of these camps.

H. H. the Nizam arrived at Poona yesterday (Sunday) evening, and was received with great demonstrations of welcome. He leaves Poona to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, arrives at Khundwa on Wednesday at 5-35 p.m., and at Jubbulpore on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

The *Englishman* now says about cholera at Delhi—"We are informed, on what should be good authority, that there is no truth in the telegram sent us from Delhi to the effect that two Sappers had died of cholera. On the contrary, the troops are reported as being exceptionally healthy."

A cheap guide to the Camps at Delhi will shortly be published. It is being compiled by Captain Robertson, of the Quartermaster-General's Department, and will be of great assistance to all attending the Imperial Assemblage, for it will be no easy matter finding one's way about the labyrinth of tents.

The following sums have been collected up to date by the various Mahomedan committees formed in India to petition the Queen to assist Turkey against Russia: Calcutta, 10,000 rupees; Bombay, 30,000 rupees; Madras, 8,000 rupees; Lahore, 32,000 rupees; Hydrabad, 50,000 rupees.

It is stated by a Madras contemporary that the Travancore Railway from Palamcottah to Trevandrum has been definitely decided on. The line is not to cross the hills between Shencottah and Quilon, as the Dewan wishes, but to come through the Ardnibudi Pass to Trevandrum. It is to cost four lakhs of rupees.

The *Indian Daily News* records with deep regret the death of General Bubber Jung Rana Bahadoor, the third and most intelligent and accomplished son of Maharajah Sir Jung Bahadoor of Nepaul. The deceased was in command of the Nepaulese artillery, and was well-known to many English officers of distinction. He was on very intimate terms with His Excellency Lord Napier of Magdala.

We are told by the *Neilgherry Courier* that a good bag of game was secured about a week ago near Sispara, by Mr. C. Havelock. Two ibex, a fine stag and two bull bisons fell to that gentleman's rifle. The bison gave infinite trouble, and a cooly got a very narrow escape, as the wounded bull charged him, and was only stopped in the nick of time by a well aimed shot from Mr. Havelock's gun.

The rumour that Mr. T. C. Hope will succeed Mr. Rogers as member of Council at Bombay is supposed to have been circulated as a joke. Mr. Chapman's only possible rivals for the appointment are Mr. Lionel Ashburner and Mr. Ravenscroft, and the former gentleman is understood not to desire promotion to an office, which, though the emoluments are very good, carries with it the obligation of retirement from the service at the end of five years.

It is stated that Captain Clayton, 9th Lancers, has been appointed extra Aide-de-Camp to the Viceroy during the Imperial Assemblage. Captain Villiers (brother to the present Lord Clarendon), and Captain Biddulph, extra A.-D.-C will also join Lord Lytton at Delhi. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab has appointed Colonel Stansfield, temporarily, to his personal staff.

Mr. J. B. Scriven, of Lahore, states, in a paper communicated to the *Lancet*, that, though quinine controls most of the malarious diseases of India, yet that, after a time, it seems to lose its effect, and that he finds *liquor arsenicalis* to be most valuable in chronic cases. To leave the malarious country, however, is, he says, the only effectual remedy. He has also used the nitric acid bath with good effect, especially in treating children.

The Commissioners of the Punjab are not allowed to be present at the Imperial Assemblage, although it is held in their own province, and besides, all the Commissioners from the North West, each of whom will bring a Collector with him, have been summoned to Delhi. The local durbars in the Punjab might have been held by district officers. The Commissioners have always hitherto attended Viceregal durbars held in their province.

The 20th Regiment N. I. will furnish a guard of honour, consiting of 100 Rank and file, with drums, fife and color, under the command of an European officer, to parade at the Apollo Bunder, on the arrival of the B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Calcutta from Persian Gulf to-day, to receive His Excellency Syed Saeed a member of the ruling family of Oman and representative of the Sultan of Murcat. On H. E. landing, a salute of 21 guns will be fired, from the saluting Battery.

Mr. Alexander Allardyce, who resigned the editorial chair of the *Ceylon Times* just a year ago, is now, says the London correspondent of that paper, busily occupied in reading the proofs of a novel which he has for the most part written since his return. The Blackwoods are the publishers, and it will be out in a month. Its title, "The City of Sunshine," is a translation of the name of a village in Bengal where the scene is chiefly laid, and nearly all the characters are native.

Writing about the break in the Sutlej bridge the Lahore paper says:—We understand that the gap at the Sutlej bridge has been filled with stone above water level, and that the sites selected for the two new piers (iron cylinders) are being rammed down. The Railway Engineers hope to run through trains across the bridge by about the middle of the current month; and we think they ought to be congratulated on the rapidity with which they will then have managed to restore through-communication over the bridge.

The visitors' camp at Delhi the *Pioneer* tells us is situated near the city walls between the Kashmir and Cabul Gates. Captain Marshall, Judicial Assistant of Delhi, is in charge of this as well as of the Punjab Civil Officers' Camp close by. Applications for tents have been very numerous, and we may recommend people wishing to go to Delhi to lose no time in securing ground for their tents, for every available site is being rapidly taken up. The Punjab Civil Mess has, as before, thrown upon its doors to a certain number of visitors from other provinces. This concession will be a great boon to visitors from the North-West.

We learn from a Calcutta paper that an accident occurred to the down mail train on Sunday morning last. It appears that just as the train was leaving the Allahabad station for Calcutta, some 300 yards beyond the platform, a pilot engine, in charge of a native driver, which had been shunting another train, came in collision with a first and intermediate class carriage attached to the mail train, damaging both the carriages seriously, and frightening the passengers, none of whom however were hurt. The native driver is blamed for the accident. The mail train was delayed about half an hour.

The experiments made at Spezia with one of the 100-ton guns, constructed by Sir W. Armstrong and Co., for the Italian Government, show, it is thought, very clearly that the further protection of war-vessels by armour, as heretofore practised, must be given up, as it will be impossible for any vessel to carry the thickness of armour necessary to resist penetration by the artillery which will now be brought against it. A thickness of twenty-two inches of iron armour was completely pierced by the shot; and a like thickness of steel armour, though not quite pierced, was so shattered that the plate was destroyed. Horizontal armour is now spoken of as more promising.

The latest district reports from Bengal state that the rice harvest has generally been begun, and in several districts we are told that the out-turn will be the largest known for years. Of Bakarganj, we are told that the weather has now ceased to have the cyclonic appearance which was so marked till the end of last week. The strong gale on the night of the 23rd November caused much anxiety lest another storm-wave should sweep over Dukhin Shabazpore, and other exposed parts of the district. Luckily, however, there was no recurrence of the storm-wave, but the violent wind has still further injured the crops, which were so seriously damaged by the cyclone and storm-wave on the night of the 31st October and the morning of the 1st November.

The fortunes of the Pioneer Gold Company are looking up again. Since the stoppage of the regular works, the *Neilgherry Courier* tells us two or three resident shareholders, who have had practical experience of gold-mining, determined to prosecute the work of searching and testing for themselves. Striking deep, they excavated between six and seven tons of quartz, and putting this roughly through the usual processes, they have succeeded in getting gold averaging over one ounce to the ton. Naturally elated at the result, the shareholders in Madras and other places have been communicated with, and we hope that the result will be a re-organization of the company on a good footing as regards capital, and that the enterprize, after so much discouragment, will yield a good return to the holders of the shares.

Complaints are made that Reuter's telegrams are very meagre and unsatisfactory, but though that fault may fairly be laid at Reuter's door the prime cause of the evil is the high rate charged for messages to India. Reuter has, we believe only about 11 subscribers amongst the press in India and in these stirring times long telegrams are very common. One day last week, we are told, the cost of the telegrams supplied to the press in India from London cost Rs. 317-8, or nearly the amount of one month's subscription of one of the 11 subscribers in India. The tariff of charges upon Reuter's company by the cable proprietors wants reformation, and if that were done Reuter might be censured to any extent. Reuter, we believe, throws the blame on the cost of each message, and the small numbers of his subscribers in India supports his excuse.

The *Pioneer* makes the following important announcement:—"The reception of the Viceroy at Mooltan, which was very bright and successful in various ways, was enlivened by some of "the best fireworks that I have ever seen"—writes a correspondent with large experience of public rejoicings in this country—and also by a game of chess of a very amusing kind. This was played in the fashion that the chess books often describe as having been a mediæval development of the game on State occasions,—in a courtyard with living pieces, and squares big enough for them to walk about amongst. Colonel Miller who had organized the entertainment commanded one army, Lord Lytton and Mr Lepel Griffin the other. Loyal subjects will be glad to hear that Her Majesty's representative gained a complete triumph in a rapid quarter of an hour."

We learn from the *Ceylon Times* that at the conference of the Presbytery called by the Bishop to advise him upon the further conduct of the matter at issue with the Church Missionary Society, there were 33 members present, that is, all the Priests of the Diocese except those belonging to the Church Missionary Society. Various resolutions were proposed, such as that the Bishop should be advised to refer the matter to the English Episcopate, to certain selected arbitrators, to the Pan-Anglican Synod to be held in 1878, to the Synod of this Diocese, but the resolution finally adopted, by a majority of 23 to 10 was that proposed by the Archdeacon, which was as follows:—That the matter is one within the discretion of our own diocese, and that the further conduct of it may safely be left in the hands of the Bishop, the proceedings are to be published.

A strange quarrel has occurred amongst the French Opera Company at Calcutta. Whilst Mr. Duvivier, a member of the Company, was giving some directions at a rehearsal to Mdlle. Blanche Fiorelli when that young lady complained that she had not been consulted as to the part she was to take. The dispute that followed seems to have been very bitter, for Mr. Duvivier very improperly made some remarks which seriously affected the lady's character, whereupon she slapped his face. Something like a fight seems to have then taken place when Duvivier followed her and struck her on the face. The Magistrate on the evidence before him, fined the defendant Rs. 50, observing that he would have dealt more severely with him for the very cowardly part he had taken in the matter, had it not been admitted that, for some provocation received by the prosecutrix, she had first slapped him.

At a meeting of the Royal Botanic Society last month—Professor Bentley in the chair—a long list of donations of plants and seeds since the last meeting was read. These included a plant the seeds of which illustrate in a remarkable way one of the provisions of nature for the distribution and transport of the seeds of plants. It is the *Martynia diandra*. The seed from which this specimen was grown was found, with others, attached by its sharp hooks to the skin of a panther shot in one of the sporting excursions of the Prince of Wales in India. The specimen has been growing for some weeks in the conservatory of the society, but, being an annual, is now out of flower. Although a native of tropical America the seeds have found their way to India, and the plant has become naturalised there. The specimen was presented to the society by Mr. Alfred Smee. Professor Bentley mentioned several seeds which were provided with special means of transit.

The Accountant-General's explanation and the Deputy Commissioner's report regarding the embezzlements which have occurred in the Lahore Treasury show a deficiency of Rs. 25,173-4. Rs. 21,347-12 of this amount was embezzled from June 1874 to September 1876 that is within a period of two and half years; the balance, Rs. 3,825-7, was embezzled in the year 1873-74 of which just now there are no particulars. *Indian Public Opinion* says:—The question arises, how was the embezzlement allowed to occur without detection in the Accountant-General's Office. The belief is that the amounts were drawn by forged vouchers, not one of which is forthcoming, and the particulars of which it is impossible to guess. The sums are shown in the Bank sheets as payments to either the Deputy Commissioner or the Treasury Officer, and in the Treasury books as investments; but there is evidence to show that in every case the items were altered by the clerk after signature by the Treasury Officer, who presumably compared the list of payments with his Cash book with which they doubtless in the first instance corresponded.

The *Illustrated London News* remarks that the persistent attacks made upon Mr. Ward Hunt in consequence of the accidents which sometimes occur, or the imperfections which are sometimes discovered in vessels of the Navy, have no visible warrant in justice or common sense, and their effect will be to create a sympathy in the public mind with the object of such unmerited animadversions. Does one vessel run into another in a fog? The accident is clearly imputable to Mr. Ward Hunt's incapacity! Does a boiler burst or an engine break down? Mr. Ward Hunt is demonstrably the culprit! It has lately been found on a trial of the Shah that the bearing area of the crank journals was too small, in consequence of which the oil was partially forced out, and the journals consequently heated when the full pressure and velocity were demanded. This is, no doubt, a structural defect, and ought to have been avoided in the design of the engines. But the blame of the imperfection in no degree lies at Mr. Ward Hunt's door, as is pretended, seeing that the engine of the Shah were ordered by one of his predecessors in office, and, whether good or bad, Mr. Ward Hunt's function has only been to make the best of them. It is maintained that many more accidents occur in Navy vessels than in merchant vessels—a statement we are by no means prepared to admit. But, as a rule, merchant vessels make their preliminary trials privately, without permitting newspaper reports to be present to blazon any imperfections which may require adjustment or rectification. As a rule, the problem of propelling a war-vessel like the Shah is much more difficult than that of propelling a common merchant vessel. In our short armour-clads a large power has to be crowded into a small space, and the imperfection now revealed in the Shah is one result of this condition, as the room permitted for the machinery did not allow such length of bearing as was desirable. The fault is serious because organic, and is not to be surmounted by the employment of other metals for the bearings. But it is not irremediable. The machinery supplied to the Navy is made and designed by the best engineers this country possesses. It is superior to the machinery made by other nations; and, although it is easy for carping literati to harp upon every fault, it will puzzle them to suggest how it can be materially amended.

The following paragraph, which we quote from the *Graphic*, shows that even in the capital of enlightened England the free operation of the law of supply and demand is hindered by obstacles of which political economists ordinarily take no account. The enterprising tradesman referred to is the well-known Whitely of Westbourne Grove:—"The tyranny of Trades Unions has been often and justly condemned, but it is to be feared the spirit they sometimes display towards workmen who do not recognise their right to dictate is spreading to other classes. A peculiarly offensive instance has been commented on this week. Great complaints have recently been made with respect to the exorbitant prices charged for butcher's meat. An enterprising tradesman in the West End, already carrying on an enormous business, resolved to respond to the general demand for cheaper meat, and added to his premises a large provision department. The public took full advantage of the opportunity offered them, and the result is that the daring innovator is now a victim of the most shameful persecution. His wife receives letter warning her that if she does not induce her husband to withdraw from his new undertaking she will soon be a widow. On the evening of Guy Fawkes' Day his effigy was twice burned amid the plaudits of a noisy crowd, and both his place of business and private house had to be guarded by the police. He has been warned not to go out after dark, and the warning was so seriously given that he undoubtedly disregards it at his peril. It seems almost incredible that such a state of things should be reported in the last quarter of the nineteenth century. The meaning of these manifestations simply is that a certain class of tradesmen consider they have a monopoly in one branch of commerce, and that if any one ventures to compete with them to the advantage of the public they are not to be condemned for putting their rival down by force. No Trades Union ever advanced audacious pretensions, and we hope the cowardly intimidators will discover to their cost that they are adopting a line which can be approved by no section of the community. Whatever may be their notion of their rights, it really is the case that consumers are justified in going to the cheapest market, and that the law will protect a person who is content to obtain from the sale of commodities a smaller profit than his neighbour. No pains should be spared to track one or two of the chief offenders, for every one is interested in the suppression of such outrageous injustice."

THE GAEKWAR OF BARODA.

When H. H. the Gaekwar left his State on Thursday to proceed to the Imperial Assemblage at Delhi, all Baroda and his wife turned out to wish their boy prince God-speed. Two salutes were fired, one of 21 guns and another of 13 guns before the party left. The special train by which his Highness the Gaekwar, Mahranee Jumnabai, Sir T. Madhavarao, Mr. Melville, C. S., I. and family, Col. and Mrs. Coles, Dr. Cody, and Mr. Elliot, C. S., and numerous sirdars and petty chiefs travelled stopped half an hour at Surat to enable the Europeans of the party to dine, and also at Nowsaree, where a short Durbar was held. The little town was brilliantly illuminated, and large numbers of His Highness' subjects assembled to give him greeting and wish him a pleasant journey and safe return. The people all appeared happy and contented, a good sign of the safety secured to life and property and imunity from various formerly-felt distress experienced under the new *regime*. His Highness and party rested on Friday at Callian, and spent Saturday and yesterday at Khundwa.

BOMBAY.

The Vehar Lake.—The height of water in the Vehar Lake for the week ending Saturday, 2nd Dec. was 55 feet and 8 tenths. In the corresponding week last year it was 56 feet.

Prosecution by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.—Soma Ittoo, cartman, for working his bullock in Parell Road, the animal having a large ulcer on his neck, was fined Rs. 4.

Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C. S. I., and his three sons, leave Bombay on Thursday next for Delhi to be present at the Imperial Assemblage at the invitation of the Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

Sassoon Mechanics' Institute.—Arrangements have been made with three gentlemen to lecture at this institute during the ensuing session. The three are Dr. Cook, Professor of Hygiene, Mr. K. T. Telang, barrister-at-law, and Mr. William Trant. The last named gentleman delivered a lecture last session on "Words."

Suicide.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Saturday at Cozee Street on view of the body of Mahomed Hoosein Khukutta. Deceased was about 75 years of age. Upon the evidence adduced the following verdict was returned by the jury:—"That the death of the deceased was caused by his having committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor."

Refractory Seamen.—Three European seamen of the British ship City of Halifax, named James Masters, Thomas Maullins, and John Prior were on Saturday last sentenced to one week's hard labour in the House of Correction by Mr. Nana Morojee, at the Fort Police Court, for wilful disobedience in refusing to do duty on board that ship, of which they were articled seamen.

Diabolical Acts.—It was only the other day that we had occasion to refer to a conflagration at the Government Kooruns, or grass lands, near Katrij, caused by an incendiary, and now another similar occurrence is reported in Koorkoondee village, in Khesar talooka, and that, too, within a fortnight of the first conflagration. Large rewards have been offered for the detection of the offenders, and it is nothing but right to expect that the police will do their duty. These attempts should be frustrated in time, and unless an ingenious method is adopted to detect the culprit or culprits in the very act, or some very artful and subtle arrangements are made to trace the secret of these incendiary conflagrations, we fear that the prospects of a detection will be as remote as ever. Money covers a multitude of sins—need we say crimes—is a very truthful proverb, but in the cases under notice, when large rewards are offered, does it follow "the truth will out." We pause for a reply.—*Poona Observer.*

THE BOMBAY GRAIN MARKETS DURING THE FAMINE.

In view of the distress, if not actual famine, that has been existing for two or three months and is still severely felt within a couple of hundred miles from Bombay, it may not be uninteresting to note the quantity, quality, and value of the grains stored in the town. When the distress in the famine districts was first felt, the prices of grains rose very rapidly, and merchants, in the hope of netting heavy gains, telegraphed to Delhi, Cawnpore, the Punjab, besides Busra and other ports on the Persian Gulf for large supplies. The consequence was that the new and commodious Ryan Grain Markets at Mussid Bunder were soon greatly overstocked, and though large quantities were sold out, still larger batches continued to arrive, and immense numbers of bags had to be piled on the open spaces of ground outside and round about the markets. The abundant supplies naturally caused the prices to fall again considerably, and many merchants, having purchased recklessly and paid beyond the ordinary prices in the grain growing districts in order to secure large and immediate consignments, were heavy sufferers by their transactions. The following figures will give some idea of the quantity and the prices in the Bombay wholesale markets. In October, 1875, the ruling prices for grains were—wheat, from Rs. 2-4 to Rs. 2-7 per candy, according to quality; *bajri*, from Rs. 1-6 to Rs. 2-2 per candy; rice, from Rs. 4¾ to Rs. 6¾ per bag of 2 maunds; grain, Rs. 1-7½ per candy; dhall, or pulse, Rs. 2-5 per candy; and in October of the present year the prices were,—wheat, from Rs. 2-7 to Rs. 3-0 per candy; *bajri*, from Rs. 2-7 to Rs. 3-3 per candy; rice, from Rs. 6¾ to Rs. 9 per bag; gram, Rs. 2-3½ per candy; dhall, or pulse, Rs. 2-9 per candy. Early in November, the prices for the principally used native grains were,—for *bajri*, from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 3-4 per candy; *jowari*, Rs. 3-4 per candy; gram, Rs. 3-3 per candy; rice, Rs. 8¼ to Rs. 8¾ per bag; dhall, from Rs. 3-4 to Rs. 3-6 per candy, with a very excited market prices changing every hour. About the same date, the prices at which the grains were purchased at Cawnpore and Delhi were—*bajri*, Rs. 11¼ per candy; gram, Rs. 11¾ per candy; dhall, Rs. 14¾ per candy. On the 5th of this month the prices had lowered again to the following amounts, from which they have changed but very slightly to the present time:—*bajri*, Rs. 20 to Rs. 25 per candy; *jowari*, Rs. 19 to 26 per candy; gram Rs. 20 to 26 per candy; dhall, or pulse, Rs. 22 to 29 per candy; and rice, Rs. 7 to Rs. 9 per bag. During the excitement and confusion which followed the first break of the famine, a good deal of bad gram, chiefly *jowari*, was sent in by merchants from Busra and other ports on the Persian Gulf, and this grain caused a considerable amount of sickness in the shape of dysentery and diarrhœa in the famine districts. The condition of the grain warehouses may be imagined from the fact that whereas, during November 1874, the amount of grains stored in the Ryan Markets was not more than 7,000 tons, and on the wharves about 2,000 tons more, making 9,000 tons in all. Last month there were stored in and about the markets upwards of 22,000 tons, besides about 6,000 tons sold on the wharves, making a total of 28,000 tons. The market is still overstocked to almost the same extent, and the amount of traffic going on at and about the Mussid Bunder is something enormous. The sight is so unusual that Mr. Baker, of Messrs. Bourne and Shepherd, the well-known Indian photographers, attended on Saturday, on behalf of the Port Trust, and took several photographs of the busy scene.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Cathay, Captain R. T. Dundas, will sail to-day for Aden and Suez with the English mails and the following passengers:—

For Southampton.

Mrs Figg
Mr Davis.

For Brindisi.

Mrs Golding
Major Tottenham's child
Major and Mrs W G Waterfield and infant
Mr D G Proby
Major E L Ommaney
Sir W J Herschel.

For Venice—Mr W M Coghlan.

SCHROTTKY *VS.* BLANEY.

The following letter from Messrs. Jefferson and Payne should be added to the charge of defamation laid against Dr. Blaney by Mr. Schrottky:—

Bombay, 4th December 1876.

Messrs. Fletcher and Smith.

Dear Sirs,—We now propose to answer your letter of the 30th ultimo, written on behalf of Mr. Schrottky to Dr. Blaney.

In reference to the letter published in the *Times of India* of the 16th October last, signed "Stearite de Rangoonia," of which your client complains, we think it would be well for him to recall to mind the circumstance under which that letter was written. Your client had on the 11th October published a long letter in the *Times of India* which was avowedly put forward for the purpose of inducing capitalists and "energetic men" to star, sulphuric acid works. The letter gives a most glowing account of the various manufactures (candles soap and to use your client's own words, a host of other things) which might be successfully promoted in India by means of sulphuric acid, and in it your client states that he "had been able to start and bring into complete working order two sulphuric acid works in Bombay, and that by the competition thus established the price of acid had been much reduced in Bombay, thus leading the world to infer that these works had been commercially so successfully organised by your client that they had caused a reduction in the price of the acid in Bombay. It is true that your client stated he was about leave Bombay, and that he hoped others would complete the work he had but begun. As a matter of course, it would have aroused suspicion had he stated openly that he was ready to accept an offer to undertake the management of others of such works himself. But the introduction of the statement about the successful starting of the two sulphuric acid works was doubtless not put forward without an object. Now, our client knew that the statement in question was false, and that our client had suffered grievously from placing reliance on Mr. Schrottky's estimates and qualifications as a manufacturing chemists. He, therefore, concieved it to be his duty to the public to call attention to the most important part of Mr. Schrottky's letter. This he did in a moderate letter published in the *Times of India* of the 12th October in which he asked Mr. Schrottky to answer the question "how can sulphuric acid works be establishment in Bombay in succesful competition with English acid?" On the 13th, your client published a reply, if such it can be called, to this query by dealing in some vague generalities recriminatory rather than explanatory. Your client had himself repeatedly told our client that he was trying to get up a candle manufactory, and that he had persuaded some capitalists to advance him the money. His "boiler composition" our client knew had proved an experiment not only worthless but mischievous. Under these circumstances our client wrote the letter of which your client complains, and there is not a word in it he cannot prove and justify.

In reference to the letter of the 30th October, there is also not a word in it which our client is not prepared to prove and justify. Mr. Beattie has assured our client that the words quoted by him are in the estimate furnished by your client. Independently of this our client is satisfied that the statement "the usual yield from 1 lb. of sulphur is 4 lbs. of concentrated acid, leaving a margin for not preventable loss" was not a mere error as suggested by your client, but an intentional misstatement, and he is the more convinced of this when he recollects the whole course of Mr. Schrottky's conduct in his dealings with him.—Yours, truly,

JEFFERSON AND PAYNE.

DR. LYNN'S ENTERTAINMENT.

The celebrated Dr. Lynn who "drew" so remarkably and "ran" so long in London gave his first Bombay entertainment on Saturday evening before a large audience in the Town Hall. Dr. Lynn's tricks and deceptions are very neatly and cleverly performed, and not the least point in his favour as compared with other light-fingered gentlemen we have seen is that he works without any, or at least with very few indeed, of the false tables and chairs, cleverly arranged mirrors, and other conjuring paraphernalia which generally surround professors of the mysterious art. His amusing chatter, on which he of course depends in a great measure to assist his deceptions, comes very readily, and is often of a piquant witty character, though, perhaps, occasionally a trifle coarse and rough. It is not necessary here to describe any of Dr. Lynn's deceptions, especially as no description could give any adequate idea of them: to be fairly appreciated they should be seen, and we have no wish to mar the pleasure future visitors to the lively doctor's entertainment may experience. Saturday night's performance was perhaps as a whole the best we have witnessed, and was at fault, viz:—in the length of time over which it extended. Dr. Lynn's entertainment was highly amusing throughout, but even the best of performances is likely to become wearisome if one has to sit through three hours to witness it. In India, at any rate, a two hours' performance is sufficient for any one, and it might be as well for Dr. Lynn, on future occasions, when he commences at nine o'clock, to close at eleven instead of continuing till twelve, as he did on Saturday.

WILLARD AND HUDSON'S ENTERTAINMENT.

Messrs. Willard and Hudson continue to perform with considerable energy and with fair success. Grant Road Theatre was thinly attended on Saturday night, but the performances went off very well. There is a "monster" programme for this evening which will doubtless induce many to go who have not yet seen their amusing "wanderings."

BOMBAY-BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION.

An ordinary general meeting of shareholders of the Corporation was held on Saturday last at its registered office, 2, Parsee Bazar Street, to adopt the directors' report and audited accounts for the year ending 31st May last; to declare a dividend; to elect directors in place of those who retired by rotation; and to appoint auditors and fix their remuneration. Mr. J. A. Bryce (of Messrs. Wallace and Co., secretaries and treasurers,) was in the chair. The notice convening the meeting and the directors' report being read, the following resolutions were adopted:—

Proposed by Mr. Raghunath N. Khote, and seconded by Mr. Dorabjee Cursetjee Shroff, that the report of the directors for the year ending 31st May last, together with the balance sheet and profit and loss account, be adopted; and that the declaration of a dividend of Rs. 202-8-0 per share, be sanctioned.

Proposed by Mr. M. J. Wyer, and seconded by Mr. H. A. Richardson, that Messrs. Lukhmidas Khemjee and Motieram Bhaghoobhoy, who retire by rotation the re-elected directors of the Company.

Proposed by Mr. Nurrotum Goverdhundas, and seconded by Mr. Nersey Lukhmidas, that Messrs. Gungadas Kesbor as and Nanabhoy R. Ranina be elected auditors for the ensuing year, and that their remuneration be Rs. 250 each.

As an amendment to the above, it was proposed by Mr. Bhickajee Nowrojee Pallonjee and seconded by Mr. Sorabjee H. Bottlewalla, that Messrs. Gungadas Keshordas and Burjorjee Muncherjee Wadia be appointed auditors, and that their remuneration be Rs. 250 each.

The amendment was carried by a large majority, and the original proposition was lost.

Proposed by Mr. Dorabjee Cursetjee Shroff, and seconded by Mr. Bhickajee Nowrojee Pallonjee, that the thanks of the shareholders be given to the directors, manager, and agents for their successful conduct of the business during the year.

The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman for his able conduct in the chair.

An Awful Mistake.—A story is circulating in Otago which tells how a fair young lady went to a drug store, and told the man to fix her up a dose of castor oil, and to mix it with something to take the taste away. The man told her to wait. In a few moments he asked her if she felt like taking a glass of soda-water. She accepted the invitation, and drank the beverage. Presently she asked the boiler of pills why he did not give her the castor oil. The man smiled a triumphant smile, and said, "Madam, you have taken it, I mixed a fearful dose in that soda." She turned pale, she shank into a chair—she gasped, "Immortal Jove! it was for my mother!"

CONGRATULATORY ADDRESSES TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

MEETING OF PARSEES AT "MAZAGON CASTLE."

A large number of the Parsee citizens of Bombay met yesterday afternoon at "Mazagon Castle," the residence of Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., C. S. I., to make the preliminary arrangements for preparing an address, on behalf of the Parsee community of Bombay, for presentation to Her Majesty the Queen on Her assumption of the title of "Empress of India." Nearly all the leaders of the Parsee community as well as the Parsee high priests and others were present.

On the motion of Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, seconded by Mr. N. M. Wadia, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy was, amidst acclamation, called to the chair.

Sir Jamsetjee, in addressing the meeting, said—Gentlemen,—The object of our meeting here to-day is well known to you all. Our Gracious Sovereign, in accordance with an Act of Parliament recently passed, is about to take upon herself formally the title of Empress of India at the Imperial Assemblage to be held at Delhi on 1st January 1877. We have ample evidence of the incressing interest which is being taken on matters relating to India for the good of its people. I need not enlarge on this subject with which you are all so familiar, but I should not pass over one important instance of England's regard for our country. At no period during the century and a quarter that this country has been ruled over by the English, has an Heir to the Throne condescended to pay a visit to this his future dependency until last year, when His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales came amongst us. This undoubtedly marks the growth of the closer connection between this country and England, and we have good reason to believe the addition to the title of the Sovereign will further strengthen those ties which cannot but be beneficial to the masses of the people. Under the British raj we enjoy security of life and property, civil and religious liberty, and all the advantages which result from a just and great Government. It is to this Government that our community is under special obligations. Having from our peculiar position and circumstances as a community pursued those avocations which can prosper only under a firm and peaceful Government, we have, I am proud to say, attained an importance rarely, if ever matched, by a community numerically so small. (Applause.) In conclusion, gentlemen, allow me to tell you, and I am sure all my co-religionists will bear me out, that with the British Government we stand or fall, with it we flourish or fade. (Loud applause.) Owing to all the gratitude that we do to this our paternal Government, we would be wanting in our duty were we not duly to recognize an event so important in the annals of this country as the assumption by Her Majesty of the Imperial Title of Kaiser-i-Hind. Before sitting down I will, with your permission, call upon my friend Mr. Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel to move the first resolution. (Applause.)

Proposed by Mr. Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel, and seconded by the Hon. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee, that a congratulatory address to Her Most Gracious Majesty on her assumption of the Title of Empress of India from the Parsee community of Bombay, containing the declaration of their fidelity to Her Majesty's rule and devoted attachment to her person and family, be prepared and forwarded to Her Majesty through the Government of Bombay.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sorabjee, in seconding the resolution, said—Gentlemen, a proposition so acceptable to all as just put forth by the venerable Mr. Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel does not require many words from me to recommend it for your adoption. It is now 1,100 years since we Zoroastrians came to reside in this country, and for the home offered to us by Hindoo princes we should ever feel grateful. But we were for a long period an unknown people in India until the arrival of European nations in the country. After the establishment of commercial factories in Surat by the Portuguese, the Dutch, the French and the English, we obtained our position among the various races of India. Our prosperity and our growth as Parsees of India commences from that period and his continued to this day, because we have been ever since under British rule. (Applause.) Every Parsee who has at heart the welfare of his nation, nay, who has similarly at heart the welfare of the millions of this country, should pray that Almighty God would favour the continuance of its connection with England for a very long time to come. (Applause.) In forwarding the congratulatory address to our first Kaiser-i-Hind, we shall be practically stating our prayers for the maintenance of this connection, but we shall have the additional gratification of addressing a sovereign whose personal virtues have claimed the admiration of the world. (Cheers.) Rulers generally, by their position and power, claim homage from their subjects, but Victoria Kaiser-i-Hind claims our homage not only as a good and great ruler, but as one who in her duties as a wife, a mother, and a lady has inspired with love and veneration towards her every one who has watched her career through life (Loud applause.)

Mr. Cursetjee Nusserwanjee Cama remarked that this was a me

PLAIN SPEAKING BY A NATIVE PAPER.

THE *Indian Spectator*, in the course of an article upon an inflated pamphlet which had been published by one Munsukram Sursjram, says:—"The humbug about "Aryan brotherhood" and the transcendental sublimity of the philosophic thoughts of our nation of philosophers" has not yet been played out; but we think that, with systematic attempts to expose these authors we may expect to see the gradually die out. The native press, however, is so deeply engaged in devising visionary schemes of Parliamentary government that we despair of ever making these scribblers feel the responsibility of all they write or say. There is, thus, great danger of our dreaming away the time which must be devoted to infinitely more pressing matters. At this rate years may pass without our achieving anything in the direction of social elevation. The large body of the people must remain without the elements of education; a few fanatics must be allowed to continue the present disastrous system of female education; we must do nothing to purify our homes of gross and disgusting superstition. Nobody ought to have any faith in political supremacy under the present conditions. We have not the capacity to manage our parish affairs without the guidance and helping hand of Englishmen; and yet we are haunted by the infatuation that we can regulate the Civil, Military and Political affairs of this Empire. These silly schemes are to us what a red rag is to a bull: we lose all patience at the amazing folly of these men. Munsukram Sursjram is only one of this class; he will go on in the old way; will make his women slave away their life in the house, without enjoying one bright hour; will marry his daughters before they are out of their teens; will pride himself 'on the glories of Sanskrit literature,' and demand more political power on the authority of legends of pre-historic times."

THE STATE OF BARODA UNDER A NATIVE ADMINISTRATION.

THE *Indian Spectator* says:—"The unreasonable jealousy which prompts the Government of India to conceal from the public view everything that relates to Baroda is giving rise to strange surmises. It is talked of in suppressed whispers at Baroda that large misappropriations of the public money have taken place in the Public Works Department. As we mentioned last week, Sir Mahdev Rao has arrogated to himself all the power and authority, to the exclusion of the responsible heads of departments; and the result is that he is burdened with work of the most multifarious nature, which leaves him little time to exercise suitable control over expenditure. The Minister, is bent, with the one great desire to save money; but in his laudable anxiety to accomplish that object he fails to watch how sanctioned moneys are appropriated, or rather misappropriated. Again, we understand from reliable sources, that in the subordinate districts, such as Nowsaree and others, the officials from the Sooba downwards, fill up all the places under them with friends and relatives. In this manner there was large family cliques which retain the management of business in their own hands. It is easy to conceive that the power thus acquired can only be exercised to further private interests and designs, without any regard to justice or public interests. The Government here have issued strict orders to prevent the assembling together of family groups in any office. Such groups, deriving strength from unity of aims and interests, are powerful for evil, and we beg respectfully to draw the attention of Sir Mahadev Rao to their existence. Several Anglo-Indian journals had lately the audacity to state that the body of the people desire that Englishmen, instead of their own countrymen, should be placed in authority over them. Only the most desperate necessity can have prompted such a plea, for, if the people at all desire to have English Judges and Collectors in place of natives, it can only be from their experience that it is easier to deceive an English official than a native. But the conduct of a few of the educated natives, placed in power at Baroda, may be brought forward in support of adverse criticisms by English journals. It is but right, therefore, that Sir Mahadev Rao should institute inquiries in the matter, and satisfy the public that there is no truth in these reports.

LOOCHOO.

(*Hochi Shimbun*, A Japanese Paper.)

WE earnestly desire to know what are the relations between this country and Loochoo. In May last an official from the *Naimusho* went over to Loochoo, but the object of his mission was never made known. At the same time it was generally believed that it was to induce the Loochooans to acknowledge, not the joint sovereignty of China and Japan, but the sovereignty of Japan and Japan alone. And, if the statement made at that time in the *Nichi Nichi Shimbun* was correct, the matter stood thus, that the Loochooans persisted in regarding Japan as their father and China as their mother; and no persuasion of Mr. Matsuda's could get them to change their minds. They said that they had received many acts of kindness from China, and could not bring themselves to comply with the demands of Japan; and it is clear that though they show external signs of subjection to us, they have as much respect for China as for ourselves.

We heard too that when Mr. Matsuda urged them to acknowledge our sole sovereignty, they replied that they would obey us in every thing else,—in this alone they could not possibly do so, because for hundreds of years they had received favours of various kinds from China, and could not now step forward and sever relations which had existed so long. Mr. Matsuda, did not fall in with the views of the Loochooans, but returned home without accomplishing his object. Very soon afterwards he was followed by some envoys from Loochoo, who presented a memorial to our Government expressive of their desire to remain subject to the joint suzerainty of Japan and China, if this could not be permitted, praying that the Chinese authorities might be prevailed on by Japan to declare that Loochoo was free from all obligations towards China.

This is all that we have heard concerning Loochoo, nor do we know exactly how our Government has dealt with the question since that time. But judging from what we have seen already, it would appear as if our Government were treating the Loochooans as if they were subject to Japan alone. It has presented them with money and steamers and undertaken an expedition to Formosa, and entangled itself in a quarrel with the Chinese for their sake. Are not these acts of kindness, and is it not very perverse of Loochoo to refuse to sever its connection with China and persist in this double allegiance?

Before taking further step; we must examine the position the Loochooans are in.

The islands produce about 90,000 *koku* of rice, and the population amounts to about 17,000 of all ages. They have no means of subjecting themselves, and therefore lead but a humble life. Obedience is the great duty inculcated in association with other countries. They stand in great awe of China, and many among them desire to use the Chinese calendar.* But when they come face to face with the Japanese, they pretend that they owe obedience to Japan and are subject to her. They are utterly devoid of all feeling of self-reliance. So primitive is their condition that when some three years ago there was not a single person in prison throughout the whole country, the fact was celebrated by a grand ceremony, which shows how simple-minded they are.

Our Government is especially anxious to show the Loochooans that they are wrong in their views and must abandon this idea of joint sovereignty. But they obstinately adhere to it, and thus their course and ours are diametrically opposed to each other.

Of course our Government and foreigners generally believe that Loochoo is the tributary of Japan, but, if so, why has no settlement of the case ever been arrived at? We have now heard that the Viceroy of Fokhien in China has sent a message to Loochoo to claim that it is subject to China and must pay tribute as hitherto, because, as he says, "it is nothing more than natural that you should pay this tribute."

We cannot tell whether this is true or not, but judging from the past attitude of Loochoo the probability is that there is some truth in it. If so, it is probable that Loochoo has already informed our Government of the fact, for it is powerless to decide by itself what it should do, and must look to us for advice. But our Government has created the group into a *Han* and set up an official establishment there, and this must have been done with the idea of severing all connection between it and China.

We had much more to say on this subject, but think that perhaps silence is most discreet at this moment, and shall wait and see how the question will resolve itself. Is it not strange that China should demand tribute from Loochoo? Leaving aside all the simple-mindedness of the Loochooans, we must first enquire why the Chinese have made these demands, and it is possible we may understand this better after some correspondence has passed between our Government and them. They have decided upon having a Minister resident in Japan, who is expected to arrive within this year. We can therefore determine on our line of action at no distant date, but first of all we must know the intentions of the Chinese Government.

* The Chinese attach special importance to this usage as a token of subjection.—(*Trans.*)

PICKINGS FROM "PUNCH".—NOV. 18.

CLAN CARTY.—Dustmen!

Topics of the Day.—Russia and the Pole.

The Russian Fleet.—When he cuts and runs.

Appropriate.—The next spirit rapping case will be tried before Mr. KNOX.

"Anglo-Indian" complains that though India has given the mother country an Imperial Crown, her poor return is a one and sixpenny rupee!

THE RIDING-SCHOOL.

Riding-Master (to Sub-Lieutenant, who has come a Cropper). "Now then, Sir! Who told you to dismount?"!

"NAS-NARIS, A NOSE."

Nares did not succeed, thanks to Jack Frost and floes, in reaching the Pole, when he followed his nose.
For the next man who tries, the advice therefore fair is,
Change your route, if you can *et ne sequere* Nares!

CALLED TO THE HELM.

Observers have remarked on the departure of the Cardinal of Westminster for Rome so closely on the death of Cardinal Antonelli. No wonder, after such a loss, that the Pilot of the Barque of St. Peter should feel that it wants Manning.

MAKING SHORT WORK OF IT.

Qualifying for Hunt Races.

Master of Hounds. "Look here, boy, that horse you want to qualify is kicking my best young hounds,—so tell your master I'll give him a certificate to-morrow,—if you won't come out again!"

FLOWERS OF FASHION.

Dressmaker. "How would you like the dress made?"
Cook. "The latest fashion, in course."
Dressmaker. "A pocket, I suppose?"
Cook. "No! Everybody wears pockets now-a-days. Even Misses and young Miss has 'em!"

JUST TO SET HIM GOING.

Dr. Legge, the Oxford Professor of Chinese, we regret to hear, has not a single pupil. How is this? Wont some self-sacrificing undergraduate—there should be no lack of Chinamaniacs at Oxford, if all we hear of the taste of the place is true—give the Professor a Legge up?

"SAILING DIRECTIONS."

Old Gent (in the vicinity of the Docks). "Can you direct me to Charing Cross?"
Ancient Mariner. "Charin' Cross! Lo's see, 'wind's about Nor-west by Nothe,—you keep the sun on your weather bow, and you'll jist about fetch—"
[Old Gent hurries off.

FESTIVE HOUSE-KEEPING.

Daughter of the house (to her cousin). "Haven't you been down to supper before, Charles? I ask because we have only reckoned for one supper each!"
[Charles has not yet touched a morsel, but his fair companion is coming down to supper for the third time. Let us hope she takes the hint.

DÆDALUS AND HIS DONKEY.

A certain flying-machine was lately said to have been taken over by its inventor, a British Dædalus, to Prince Bismarck, that he might inspect it in order to see whether it was capable of employment for military purposes. This is a question, it may be imagined, to be rather more in Moltke's way. It could not, however, if the account of the *Morning Post's* Berlin Correspondent is correct, have been solved, at least up to within a few days ago, by either the Chancellor or the "Warrior." But there may be some mistake in the statement that:—

"Mr. Ralph Stott, the aeronaut from Dover, who has lately made himself here an object of much discussion by his flying-machine, has suddenly resorted to every possible excuse and subterfuge to disengage himself from the obligations entered into. His ascent (fixed for to-day) before certain delegates of the War Office, as well as subsequent public representations, is revoked because Government refused to pay him immediately a sum of £1,000."

If this is true, then it may be said that our Dædalus refused to go up because the Prussian Government would not come down. In that case let us admire the prudence displayed on both sides, especially on the side of the Prussian Government. Now if the situation of the parties remains the same, Dædalus, for his part, presents a resemblance to that other British artist, the athlete, who was accustomed to divert the public at country fairs by the performance of balancing a donkey at the top of a ladder on his chin for a consideration Subscribed by the bystanders to a certain amount, of which he need to stand out for the completion, crying in the meanwhile "Twopence more, and up goes the Donkey!" But when the twopence had been subscribed up the Donkey went. Will the parallel hold good to th t extent? Let the thousand pounds for the ascent of Dædalus be paid him, will the flying go up? If the Prussian Ministry will try the experiment of handing him over the money—we shall see.

SPIRIT DUTIES.

As they Were.

The duties of Spirits in days gone by
Were useless yet onerous ones, no doubt,
Such as frightening timorous folks on the sly,
And dragging huge chains about.
Their *role* was to ramble old mansions through,
In darkness of night, and sheet or shroud;
Make candles to burn of a bogeyish blue,
And watchers to shriek aloud!
They'd to play bo-peep in churchyards dank,
At witching and wholly unholy hours,
And clamour, and clatter, and croak, and clank,
In tumble-down turrets and towrs.
To worry the wainscots, and fret the floors,
Their unseen feet pattered about;
And they rattled the windows, and banged the doors,
And the lights with their breath put out!
They set all our property-rights at nought
By tenancies horrid and undesired;
Hid treasures and missing wills were sought—
Popping up when least desired.
Complete instility, worry, and fuss,
Appeared to be ever their favourite line:
And why the no mischief they carried on thus,
No mortal could ever divine!

As they Are.

But the Spirits seem now on another lay,—
And more lucrative business boast;
How the modish "Shade" of the modern day
Must look down on your good old Ghost!
Now Spirit "duties take wider range,
And the Spectres smart of the latter-day
Have intimate dealings,—a notable change,—
With the knave as well as the fool.
With "properties furnished by Home or Slade,
For purposes the Gone-herds of Gullibility,
Their role as ever,—though deftlier played,
Is "General Inutility."
To tapping of tables from turning of hats—
As well as the heads of the boobies who wore them—
They've risen, and to fleecing from frightening flats,
As the old Ghosts did before them.
They scribble book on a doctored state—
Under signs of conjoncture mediate,
And went in the name of the dead-and-gone great,
Most ungrammatical twaddle.
In fine,—and your honest old Ghosts it grieves
To see their degenerate race's disaster,—
The Spirits have fallen among the thieves,
With Jeremy Diddler for master.
Alas, poor Ghosts! 'Tis a Nemesis stern,
For the mischievous cantrips you formerly played:
How a Spirit of spirits must spurn
The bondage of "Allie" or Slade!
Should the Ghosts provoke Law's clutches stern,
Or defy sharp Science's sham-detectors,
The bull'seye must beam for the blue light's gleam,
Till the Spectres succumb to the Inspectors.

EVERYDAY FARCES.

Respect for the Church.

Scene.—The breakfast-table at Col. Anyport's. Time—Sunday Morning. Mrs. and the Misses Anyport and the Colonel seated.

Mrs. Anyport (finishing the wing of a partridge). Of course, the Colonel does not go to Church to-day [severely] as usual?

Colonel. As usual, my dear. There's no one who thinks more about the religious practices of his country than I do. But it is damp this morning, and I fancied I felt a sneeze in my left eye, and—

Miss Anyport. And papa would rather stay at home.

Mrs. Anyport. Well, dears, we must be charitable. (To the Colonel.) So you wont come. Well, we can pray for you.

[Mrs. Anyport sails out of the room preceded by her daughters, like a ship with two tugs. As they go upstairs,

Lizzie Anyport (in a whisper). Is Captain Cavendish coming to our pew this morning?

Miss Anyport. Why, of course he is. You don't suppose he forgets to go to Church?

Lizzie. When youare there—oh dear no!

Miss Anyport. Well, you know when Charlie Palk is near us, I'm sure.

Mrs. Anyport. And, my dear girls, do hold yourselves up in church. People will think you quite dumpy. Oh! and Lizzie darling, just look at Lady Swellson's bonnet, and fix it in your head. Be quick now. I shall not wait for you.

Mrs. Anyport is first off, and arrives just in time to confess, "She has done what she ought to have done, and left undone what she ought not to have done." This she does with her nose in the air, her eyes closed, and a lace handkerchief between her folded hands; accompanied by a gentle wag of the cherries in her bonnet, which impresses her neighbours extremely.

The girls arrive rustling and clattering with all sorts of silver baubles hanging to their sides, eminently useful in choral service, in the middle of the Psalms. They are not at all nervous, but shake hands with Captain Cavendish, and even send a religious recognition to Charlie Palk in the pew behind.

Miss Anyport, who is a pupil of Signor Ciaffo (the great Ciaffo), instantly launches into the responses at least a semitone flat. Lizzie Anyport inspects a line scribbled in pencil on the flyleaf of a hymn-book which has been passed to her by Charlie Palk.

Change. The Colonel's smoking-room. The Colonel has nearly devoured the *Observer*, the *Army and Navy Gazette*, and the illustrated papers, besides two enormous cabanas, and is dozing happily in his arm-chair, when the girls and their mother return, redolent of silks and satchets to bring him back to reality.

Lizzie. O Papa dear! my altar cloth looked so lovely—simply gorgeous.

Miss Anyport. Awfully sweet! But Papa dear! you should have seen the Fox Guys, what dresses they wore. Quite a caricature.

Mrs. Anyport. Such a sermon, Colonel, it would have done you good. Apropos! Lizzie, I wonder what Brillantine it is Dr. Apsey Pyx uses: it shone like a halo when he gave out the text. A sweet sermon, indeed!

[Mrs. Anyport shakes her cherries again, but for the life of her cannot remember—what the text was. The sermon was for a wonder very good, being one of Doctor Arnold's own.

Miss Anyport. How awfully badly poor Miss Swellson sings! She really might leave the chants to us and the choristers. That cuirass she wore was made out of last year's dinner-dress.

Lizzie. So it was! I was thinking all second lesson where I had seen it before.

Miss Anyport. I knew it at once. O Papa dear, we have brought Captain Cavendish back to lunch.

Mrs. Anyport. That reminds me, Lizzie dear, I do not think Charlie Palk a good parti, so don't go on, I beg.

Colonel Anyport (aside.) Confound it! Hang that supercilious plunger! He smokes all my best cigars, and looks as if I liked it.

Mrs. Anyport. And don't forget, John, Dr. Apsey Pyx thinks we should do best to pass our spare hours on Sunday in meditation.

Miss Anyport. Yes, Mamma, dear, and don't forget Captain Cavendish takes us to the Zoo this afternoon.

Mrs. Anyport. I should prefer Hurlingham, if I had been asked, but no matter.

[Exeunt all to Lunch.]

For Sale at this Office.

BOOK-BINDERS' SAW-BENCH

This Machine is for sawing the backs of Books; and it is arranged for foot or steam power. Price Rs. 175, including seven Circular Saws and various-sized Washers for changing every quarter of an inch.

For Sale at this Office.

THE NEW INDIAN CUSTOMS' ACT AND TARIFF,

In neat Pamphlet form, 8vo. Demy. 25 pp

PRICE—FOUR ANNAS

NOW READY,

SUGGESTIONS REGARDING THE

NEW CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service,

PRICE ONE RUPEE.

May be had at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS

HEAD OFFICE:

PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £5,200 000
RESERVE FUND .....£ 800,000

LONDON BANKERS:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND,
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON,
AND
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO AND SON.

CURRENT DEPOSITS.

INTEREST is allowed at TWO PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balances.
Terms for Deposits at 7 and 14 days' notice and at 3, 6, and 12 months certain may be obtained on application to the Bank.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris.

A. RENAUD, Manager.

14, Rampart Row, W.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL .....Dollars 5,000 000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 200,000

LONDON BANKERS:
THE LONDON AND COUNTY BANK.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and INTEREST allowed. FIXED DEPOSITS received on the following terms, viz.:—

Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
Do. 6 do. do. at 4 do.

For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application. All letters to be addressed and Remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£80,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall bellow Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other prescription of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

Bombay, 10th April 1875.

NOTICES.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
CELEBRATED
STEEL PENS.
Sold
By all Stationers
THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

SHACKLETON & COMPANY,
(LATE J. C. SHACKLETON)
45, BOTOLPH LANE, LONDON,
UNDERTAKE ALL KINDS OF SHIPPING AGENCY ON MODERATE TERMS.

Goods cleared and forwarded to all parts of the World. Freights engaged. Insurances effected, etc., etc., etc.

F. N. CHALMERS & Co.,

ARMY, SHIPPING & GENERAL AGENTS,

Offer particular advantages, as all benefit of discount allowed by the trade is given to the Purchaser, a small Commission alone being charged. Banking in all its branches. Wines supplied to Messes and Clubs. Insurances effected. Boxes, &c., shipped to all parts.
Circulars can be had at the Office of this Journal.
F. N. CHALMERS & Co., 122, PALL MALL, LONDON, S.W.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S GREETING CARDS, a large assortment just received.
HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

LETTS'S DIARIES FOR 1877, of all Shapes and Sizes,
26, Meadow Street. HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

THE FOLLOWING
IS AN
EXTRACT FROM A LETTER,
dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Hornin'sham, near Warminster, Wilts:—

"I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy my meals and sleep, and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old.

"Remaining, Gentlemen, yours very respectfully,
L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

CAUTION.

J. & F. MARTELL'S BRANDY.

IT having come to our knowledge that spurious imitations are imported, Consumers should be careful to see that they obtain the genuine article with our Brand, which is to be had of all respectable Dealers. Agents:
MATHEW CLARK & SONS, 72, Great Tower Street, London.
MARTELL & Co.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA—
The best remedy for
ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION,
and the best mild aperient for delicate constitutions, Ladies, Children, and Infants, and for *regular* use in Warm Climates.
DINNEFORD & Co.,
CHEMISTS, LONDON,
And of Druggists and Storekeeper throughout the World.
N.B.—Ask for DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.
Agents—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY.

BY ULLA SCHOOL—PARELL ROAD.
Head Master—Mr. JAMES MCDONALD, } With Assistants.
Head Mistress—MRS. MCDONALD, }
FORT SCHOOL—HUMMUM STREET.
Head Master—Mr. A. D. SMEATON, } With Assistants.
Head Mistress—MRS. SMEATON, }
Music Master—Mr. JOSEPH SCHMUCK.
D. C. BOYD, } Honorary Secretaries.
D. MACPHERSON, }

Boarders (Boys and Girls) are received by Mr. and Mrs McDonald, and by Mr. and Mrs. Smeaton'
Bombay, January, 1874.

FOR SALE.

ENGINE AND BOILERS!!

NOTICE is hereby given, that OFFERS will be received by this Company at their Office, No. 5, Hornby Row, for the sale of the following Engines and Boilers:—

Two Pairs Horizontal High Pressure Compound Condensing Steam Engines of 30 Nominal Horse Power each, by Messrs. BENJAMIN GOODFELLOW and Co. of Manchester.
Two Lancashire Boilers of double Flues 30 feet long by 7 feet diameter, by Messrs. YEATS. Working pressure at present 60 lbs.
These Engines and Boilers can be seen working in the Company's Mill, Gamdevee, at any time during the day.

C. & F. DINSHAWJEE, Agents,
Victoria Manufacturing Company (Limited).
Bombay, 10th November 1876.

TRADE MARK.
ON A WREATH, A LION RAMPANT GARDANT, HOLDING A CROWN PROPER.

ELLWOOD'S
HATS AND HELMETS.

CONSUMPTION,
INDIGESTION AND WASTING DISEASES. The most efficacious REMEDIES are
PANCREATIC EMULSION AND PANCREATINE. The Original and Genuine prepared only by
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond Street, London.
Sold by them and all
CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL & BURT'S
BOOTS,
POST FREE FROM LONDON TO INDIA.
GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS.

Calf Elastic Walking Boots Patent Elastic Dress Boots Parade Elastic Boots, Patent or Calf	Superior in style and excellent in quality.	Finest quality we can produce.
Balmoral Boots Button Boots	25s.	35s.

CATALOGUES POST FREE ON APPLICATION.

LADIES' WALKING BOOTS.
ELASTIC OR TO BUTTON.

Excellent quality much approved	18s. 6d.
Very superior	21s. 0d.
Finest possible quality	25s. 0d.
Satinette, or Mock Kid Elastic House Boots	5s. 6d. and 7s. 6d.
Do. do. with French heels	7s. 6d. and 9s. 0d.
Grey Linen Slippers	3s. 6d.

Every order *accompanied by remittance for the price net* will be sent POST-PAID, and if possible despatched by the first Mail after its receipt.
A worn boot or shoe is the best possible guide for the size, and the next best is a paper pattern of the sole of a boot that fits. Pattern boots should be marked with name of sender, and sent separately from letter and remittance.
CHEQUES TO BE CROSSED BANK OF ENGLAND.
Remittance may be made in Government of India Notes which will be taken at the highest current rate of Exchange.
THOMAS D. MARSHALL AND BURT,
192, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, W.

HOTELS.

MALABAR HOTEL,
BREACH CANDY, BOMBAY.

ADJACENT to the Sea and Swimming Baths. Half hour's drive from the Fort.
Situation the most healthy and beautiful and the accommodation superior to any other Hotel in Bombay.
TERMS—Rs. 5 PER DAY (NO EXTRAS.)
Special arrangements for lengthened periods.
W. H. SARGENT, Proprietor.

THE BYCULLA HOTEL,
BELLASIS AND CLARE JUNCTION.

JEEVANJEE & Co., Byculla.

MATHERAN.—The CLARENDON HOTEL is OPEN to VISITORS. Accommodation First-class; and for Ladies there are separate Bungalows attached to the Hotel which command beautiful views of Bombay and Matheran. D'Souza has houses to let.
TERMS.—MODERATE

WINDSOR CASTLE HOTEL,
No. 40, PAREL ROAD.

MR. M. KAUFMANN begs to inform the Public that the abovementioned Hotel will be opened on the 10th instant. The Hotel has been entirely new finished, has a splendid Bar, Sitting and Dining Rooms, and all accomodation suitable for a First Class Hotel.
The Wines, Liquors and Spirits are all of the very best quality, and the Proprietor will do his best to please his Customers and deserve their entire satisfaction.
The Hotel is situated very near the Sir Jamsetjee Hospital, and only a few minutes' walk from the Byculla Railway Station.
M. KAUFMANN, Proprietor.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL AND PINTO'S HOTEL, MATHERAN.

MR. J. C. PINTO, the Proprietor of the both Hotels, begs to inform the Public that the above Hotels are now OPEN to VISITORS. There are seven separate Bungalows attached to the Hotels well adapted for Families, for whose comfort every care is taken. The Hotels are well situated, occupy a central position, and are therefore very conveniently placed within the reach of several POINTS. They are also near to the Station and in a breezy locality under the shade of large trees, which diminish the glare and keep the extensive compound always fresh and cool. Mr. Pinto undertakes to look after Bungalows on the Hill at a charge of Rs. 3 per annum, also some BUNGALOWS TO LET.

NOTICES.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh supply of best real MOCHA COFFEE. SILICATE CARBON FILTERS of assorted patterns and sizes.
POCKET FILTERS.
Sets of double, single and 4-in-hand harnesses.
Handsome Cutch work Silver Tea Sets, Muffineers, Salvers, &c.
All information given regarding buying and selling.
JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.
5, Hummum Street.

BULL'S PATENTS.

BULL'S PATENT BRICK KILN FOR COAL saves 200 Maunds Coal per lakh.
BULL'S PATENT BRICK KILN FOR WOOD with PATENT DAMPER saves 2 000 cubic feet wood per lakh.
BULL'S PATENT DREDGERS, the most Economical Instrument out for Well Sinking and Cleaning.
BULL'S PATENT FIXED CLAY CUTTERS, take well through the hardest clay.
BULL'S PATENT PERMANENT WAY, Simple, Economical and strong.
BULL'S PATENT BRICK BARRELS for underground drains, cost less than half as much as drain pipes. Apply Agency BULL'S PATENTS, Sahibgunge via Sickreegully.
STONEY'S PATENT DOUBLE ACTING HELICAL EXCAVATOR, very effective for clay, in conjunction with Bull's Dredgers for Sand.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAM COMPANY (LIMITED).

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE QUEENSLAND GOVERNMENT.

For the CONVEYANCE of PASSENGERS and CARGO between LONDON, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, and AUSTRALIA, via TORRES STRAITS.

GUTHRIE & Co.,
General Agents, Singapore.

For Time Tables, Rates of Freight and Passage, and other information, apply to
LYALL, RENNIE & Co., Agents, Calcutta.

NOTICE TO SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

THE Undersigned begs to thank his many Customers for their Patronage during the last five years, and he has great pleasure to announce to the general public that since "THE MAHOMEDAN STEAM FLOUR MILL," Baboola Tank, came under his sole Proprietorship he has incurred HEAVY EXPENSES and introduced NEW AND IMPROVED MACHINERY and consequently he is in position to turn out Flour suitable for Spinning and Weaving Mills of a quality superior to the one hitherto supplied by him, even which was not in any way inferior to that supplied by other Mills in this Island.
The Undersigned is prepared to enter into contract for the supply of sizing Flour to Spinning and Weaving Mills, warranted of the best quality, at a moderate price, which can be ascertained by application to
RAHIMTOOLA VEERJEEBHOY,
Proprietor of the Mahomedan Steam Flour Mill, Baboola Tank.
Mahomedan Steam Flour Mill, Baboola Tank,
Bombay, 2nd December 1876.

LOUIS FRANK,
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY,

CARVER AND GILDER,
GENERAL DECORATOR,
PICTURE-FRAME MAKER,
and IMITATOR of WOODS and MARBLES,
LANDSCAPES of INDIAN SCENERY PAINTED TO ORDER,
IN OIL OR WATER COLORS.
Illuminated and Ornamental Work of every kind,
Contracts entered into for Painting and Decorating
PALACES, PUBLIC AND PRIVATE BUILDINGS, &c.

BY PERMISSION OF THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.
GRAND DRAWING OF PRIZES,
AT LANOWLEE, IN POONA DISTRICT,
To be held on the 15th December 1876.
27,000 TICKETS, 2 RUPEES EACH.
3 PRIZES.
1 Prize—One large bungalow, tiled-roof, styled Lanowlee House, proximate value Rs. 20,000, with Compound.
1 Prize—One Large Bungalow, Galvanized roof, styled Lanowlee Hotel, proximate value Rs. 18,000, with Compound.
1 Prize—One small Bungalow, tiled-roof, portion of the Hotel, proximate value Rs. 3,000, with Compound.
The Bungalows are known as Lanowlee Hotel.
Agents are invited for out-stations; Commission allowed, Rs. 10 per cent. on Tickets sold.
Purchasers of 100 Tickets are allowed 12 Tickets free.
For further particulars apply to
ARDASEER MERWANJEE,
Proprietor Lanowlee Hotel.
AGENTS:
1—Atmaram Sagoon, Esq., Bookseller, Kalbadavie Road.
2—W. J. Essai, Esq., General Merchant and Agent, Forbes Street.
3—Jehangier Bazonjee Karanee, Esq., Parsee Bazaar, Fort.
4—Nowrojee Curaitjee Karanee, Esq., Parsee Bazaar, Fort.
5—B. K. Furtado, Esq., Cath. lic Bookseller, Kalbadavie Road.
6—Kakoebhai Puddumsee, Esq., near Crawford Market.
7—Fort Printing Press, Gunbawa Lane, Fort.
8—Francis D'Netto, Esq., Black Town, Madras.
9—Messrs. Darlington & Co., Calcutta.

ON CHRISTMAS EVE will be published at the *Charivari* Office, Calcutta, the "CHARIVARI PRIZE ANNUAL AND ALMANACK FOR 1877." Price, Rs. 2-8, or with postage, Rs. 2-12.
The Annual will be well and copiously illustrated—the Calendar especially—and will be found in a richly ornamented cover. The contents will consist of a tale by the Editor, and a political and social satire in verse "Oh Who" has not heard of the Vale of Bengal," and the rest of the contributions it is proposed to obtain by offering the following prizes:—
FIRST, for the best original Tale, suitable to the season and to the country, length, say, about six to eight pages of *Charivari*,
Rs. 250 is offered as a Prize.
SECONDLY, for the best original poem, said poem to be of a humorous or socio-comic nature, not to exceed in length one hundred and fifty lines, or to be of less than one hundred lines,
Rs. 150 is offered.
THIRDLY, for the best Conundrum a prize of
Rs. 100 will be given.
Such of the rejected tales and poems as it may seem advisable will also be taken, and for these the writers will receive payment.
Competitors should send their names and addresses in a sealed envelope with their contributions, bearing outside the *nom de plume* or motto with which their composition is signed. Each contributor must also forward a subscription, which will entitle him or her to a copy of the Annual.
No contributions can be received later than the 12th of December.

JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE,
CABINET MAKER, UPHOLSTER, & GENERAL MANUFACTURER.

SHOW ROOM
of
CARVED AND PLAIN BLACKWOOD,
TEAKWOOD, EBONY,
AND
FANCY GILDED FURNITURE,
FOR
DRAWING AND DINING ROOMS,
BOUDOIR, OFFICES, ANTE-ROOM,
CAMP, MESSES, AND CLUBS,
DURBAR HALLS, &c., &c.
CARRIAGE SHOW ROOM,
NEW AND SECOND HAND CARRIAGES ALWAYS ON VIEW.
Carriages taken on Commission.

THE PICTURE GALLERY
CONTAINS THE LARGEST STOCK IN BOMBAY
OF
OLEOGRAPHS AND CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS
FRAMED IN SUITABLE FRAMES
OF THE
NEWEST PATTERNS.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
LOOKING GLASSES,
OF VARIOUS SIZES,
FRAMED IN FANCY GILTED FRAMES.
STRANGERS TO BOMBAY SHOULD PAY THIS WELL-KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT A VISIT.
KALBADAVIE ROAD, BOMBAY.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR CARDS.

S. ROSE & Co. have just received a fresh and choice selection of Christmas and New Year Cards. Orders for Cards for forwarding to friends at home will be at once attended to. The Mail which leaves Bombay on 4th December is due in London on or about Christmas Day.

No. 1 to 8—42 Designs at Three Annas each.	No. 47 to 93.
9 to 10—30 Designs at Four Annas each.	Various Designs, Sachet Stage effects, Fans, Bouquets, Pearl
12 to 22—46 Designs at Five Annas each.	Flowers and Magic Cards, from Annas 12 to Rs. 3.
23 to 85—82 Designs at Six Annas each.	5½×4¼ inches Annas 3.
86 to 46—35 Designs at Eight Annas each.	7¼×5½ inches Annas 4.
Fancy Envelope for the above size.	

Full Details of the above on application to S. ROSE & Co., Bombay.

THE KALLISTOCHROME-TOP.

This interesting Toy is unequalled in its beautiful and amazing variations and combinations of colors. Complete in box, with printed directions for use, Rs. 4

THE CABINET OF MYSTERY.—The changes effected in this wonderful cabinet are something marvellous, restoring instantaneously to its original form a card selected from the pack that has been torn into many pieces 4 0
THE NEW GEOMETRIC BUBBLE.—An entire novelty, forming compound geometrical figures of the most exquisite beauty 1 12
THE PRARIE BIRD, Mocks all the feathered Tribe 0 8
COMIC MASQUERADE BLOCKS.—This forms an endless source of amusement 5 0
ACROBATS' GRAND ALL.—Laughable and amusing: full of Fun and Frolic 6 0
BOX OF ROUND CARD GAMES.—Containing Five Quartette and other good games, to suit all ages, times and seasons. Price 4 0

RINKING SKATES.

Strongly and lightly made of brass, with three Boxwood wheels and one India-rubber wheel. The Skates are noiseless, and they work as easily on any smooth surface, save as Boarded or Chunam floor, as ordinary skates on ice. Their usefulness is also increased by the hitch wheel being made of india rubber, which, at the wearer's option, acts like a brake, to check the speed almost instantaneously when a collision is likely. All manner of devices can be performed on these skates without the risk of ignominious falls, and the elegant and fashionable recreation of the skating-rink may be enjoyed at all seasons, and in any place. Price of the Parlor Wheel Skates, per pair, Gentlemen's size, Rs. 18; Ladies' size, Rs. 15.

MAGIC LANTERNS.

MAGIC LANTERNS with one dozen Slides ..... Rs. 50 to 6
Comic Slides for do. ..... each " 1-8
Chromotropes, Lever Slides ..... from " 3 to 10
"Aladdin," set of 8 slides ..... " 25
"Ali Baba," " " ..... " 25

COSAQUE BON BONS.

"Skating Rink," Musical